# KALWAR OTTAWA

Operators Manual



**SKALMAR OTTAWA** 

# Warning

Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling.

Proposition 65, a California law, requires warnings on products which expose individuals in California to chemicals listed under that law, including certain chemicals in diesel engine exhaust.

# California Proposition 65 Warning

Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, and other reproductive harm.

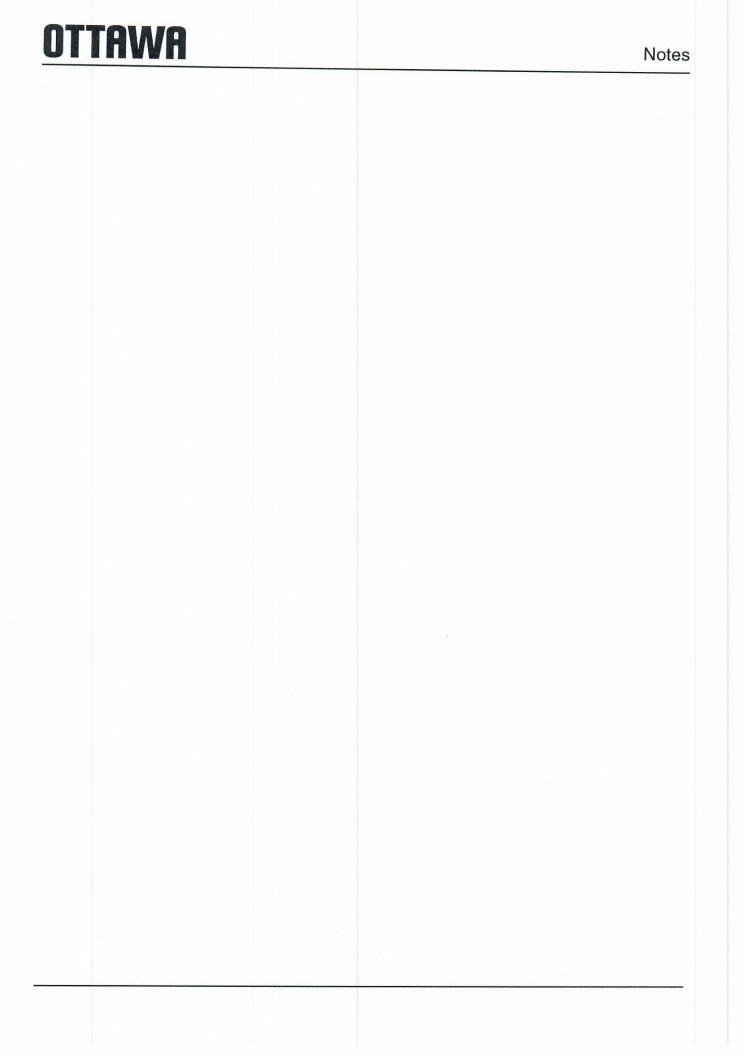
# KALMAR OPERATOR'S MANUAL

#### NOTICE

The information in this manual was current at the time of publication. Contents of this manual are subject to change at the publisher's discretion.

DO NOT REMOVE THIS MANUAL FROM THE VEHICLE. STUDY THIS MANUAL. READ AND COMPLY WITH ALL WARNINGS IN THIS MANUAL. IF THE VEHICLE IS SOLD, GIVE THIS MANUAL TO THE NEW OWNER.

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# Foreword From Kalmar to the Owner

The manufacturer of these trucks cannot create a single manual that would cover every option available.

We have tried to cover all the information that would be included in a normally configured truck.

For information on some major components, you will need to refer to the component manufacturer's literature.

# **About the Operator's Manual**

The intent of this Operator's Manual is to provide basic information on the safe operation of the Kalmar tractor.

The **Introduction** section contains important information regarding the use of safety messages as indicated by the signal words "Danger," "Warning," "Caution" or "Notice" that are found throughout this manual. This section also contains important safety and service support information.

The **Description and Operation** section provides information about the features of the tractor and basic operating information for the tractor itself.

The **Scheduled Maintenance** section covers basic operator maintenance and lubrication information.

Remember that the safe operation of the Kalmar tractor depends entirely on the operator. The operator of this vehicle must be properly trained and fully knowledgeable **BEFORE** attempting to operate it. Read this manual carefully and pay close attention to all warnings, cautions and notices. Keep this manual in the vehicle and make sure it goes to the new owner if the truck is sold.

#### NOTICE

Because of the many variations and options associated with Kalmar tractors, some optional equipment on your vehicle may not be covered in this manual. If there are any questions regarding the specific options or variations not covered in this manual, contact your nearest Kalmar dealer for assistance.

#### NOTICE

The Kalmar tractor may also be referred to throughout this manual as "vehicle" or "the vehicle". Throughout this manual reference is made to "Operator". In the context of this manual, the "Operator" refers to the actual driver of the vehicle.

# 1 Introduction

# 1.2 Safety Summary CAUTIONS and WARNINGS

Throughout this manual you will find Warnings and Cautions.

# A DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

### AWARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

### A CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in injury.

# **NOTICES**

#### NOTICE

Throughout this manual you will see Notices. Notices will be used to show special procedures or point out important facts. Notices will also designate important information regarding this manual and its use.

# 1.5 Vehicle Towing

Towing a vehicle requires special equipment and training. Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors recommends that a professional towing service be used when towing a disabled Kalmar tractor.

The best way to tow a Kalmar tractor is with the rear wheels lifted off the road. This prevents any possible damage to the transmission and drivetrain. Towing the vehicle with the rear wheels lifted avoids having to disconnect the driveline or axle shafts. Also, towing with the rear wheels lifted does not require the spring brakes to be caged unless there are spring brakes on the front wheels.

If it is impossible to tow the vehicle with the rear wheels lifted, be sure to follow the steps listed below, "TOWING VEHICLE WITH FRONT WHEELS SUSPENDED".

#### NOTICE

Some vehicles are equipped with "Off Highway" tires. Tire damage may occur if towed on the road.



# Towing Vehicle with Front Wheels Suspended

It is not recommended to tow a vehicle with the front wheels lifted and the rear drive wheels on the road. This practice may result in serious vehicle damage. Pay close attention to the following rules to prevent vehicle damage if you must tow your Kalmar tractor with the rear wheels on the road.

# AWARNING

Always obey the following when towing a Kalmar tractor with the front wheels lifted and the rear wheels on the road. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.

- Always use a rigid towing bar or properly restrain the towed vehicle. Using a chain or cable to tow the vehicle is not recommended.
- Always disconnect the driveline to the rear drive axle(s), or remove all axle shafts from all rear drive axles.
- 3. Always cage the spring brakes on all rear drive wheels. [See page 34, Manually Releasing Tractor Spring Brakes (Caging).] A loss of air pressure could occur while towing the vehicle. This would apply the spring/ parking brakes and lock the rear wheels on the towed vehicle.

# AWARNING

When manually releasing the spring brakes, make sure that the vehicle wheels are properly blocked. If the wheels are not blocked, the vehicle could move suddenly when the spring brakes are released and cause death or severe injury.

# AWARNING

If the disabled vehicle is connected to a tow vehicle before the spring brakes are released, make sure that the tow vehicle's parking brakes are applied and its wheels are blocked to prevent movement. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.

# **Towing Vehicle with Rear Wheels Suspended**

The recommended way to tow a disabled vehicle is with the rear wheels lifted off the ground. The steering axle must be locked in the straight-ahead position. If there are spring brakes on the front axle, the springs must be caged. [See page 34, Manually Releasing Tractor Spring Brakes (Caging).]



# 1.6 Vehicle Modifications

Do not make modifications to your Kalmar tractor without written approval from Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors. Your vehicle has been designed and manufactured with safety and reliability in mind. Any modifications by the operator or owner could decrease the safety and reliability of your vehicle. Any unauthorized vehicle modifications may also void the Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors Limited Warranty. Do not risk personal safety or vehicle reliability by making unauthorized modifications to your Kalmar tractor. Contact Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors concerning any proposed modifications to this vehicle.

# 1.7 Safety Checks and Precautions

All spotting applications are demanding on the vehicle. Maintenance is critical for the continued **SAFE** performance of your tractor. Before operating your Kalmar tractor, it is essential that the vehicle is in proper and safe working condition.

The following section is intended to provide a basic knowledge of important safety check procedures. These checks must be performed regularly to ensure safe vehicle operation. The frequency of these checks depends on the application of the vehicle.

In general, the best time to make the following safety checks would be during normal maintenance and during daily Pre-Operation Safety Inspections.

All operators should complete a **Pre-Operation Safety Inspection** before climbing into the driver's seat. This "Walk Around" is a good way to prevent potential problems. A "Sample Pre-Operation Checklist" is provided on page 9 of this section. Use this as a guide to come up with an appropriate checklist for your individual vehicle.

When performing inspections, always park the tractor on a level surface, apply the parking brakes and chock the wheels.

# Inspection

# A CAUTION

If the vehicle is used in a severe application, such as a rail yard operation or in 24-hour operations, a more frequent schedule should be followed. Failure to maintain the vehicle on an appropriate schedule can lead to component damage or injury.



During each scheduled maintenance interval or at least once a month, a qualified mechanic should inspect all of the following areas.

### Axle — Front

Maintaining correct front axle alignment is critical and should be performed by a qualified mechanic.

Check to ensure that the axle mounting bolts are securely tightened. Regularly check the front axle for damage, binding or worn parts, and adequate lubrication. Pay special attention to the axle stops and rubber snubbers. Do not operate the vehicle without the proper axle stops in place.

### Axle — Rear

Check to ensure that the axle mounting bolts are securely tightened. Regularly check the rear axle for damage and oil leaks. Unusual noises and signs of extreme heat may indicate axle damage.

# **Brake System**

### AWARNING

Do not operate the vehicle until the brake system has been thoroughly inspected. Failure to conduct a complete *Pre-Operation Safety Inspection* prior to operation could lead to serious injury or death.

Check the following:

- Check brake controls for proper operation. Make sure the foot-operated treadle in the cab is operating smoothly and is not damaged.
- Visually inspect the brake drums, brake chambers, and slack adjusters. Check for loose, missing or broken components. Check brake chambers and slack adjusters for cracks and other signs of severe wear.
- 3. Listen for air leaks in the cab and underneath the chassis. Check air pressure regularly using the dash-mounted gauge. Be alert for any sudden drops in pressure while operating the vehicle and after the engine is shut off. A minimum air pressure of 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar) is required to operate this vehicle.
- Visually check hoses and pneumatic lines for damage and chafing.
- Check the operation of both the service and parking brake systems. Be alert for any reduction in braking performance or unusual noises while braking.



#### Cab

**Defroster** — Operate the defroster to make sure sufficient air is being directed against the windshield. Make sure the blower is operating before the weather requires the defroster.

**Door Latches** — Check for positive closing, latching and locking.

Walkways/Side Step — Check to ensure that all factory-installed walkways, platforms and steps are installed onto the vehicle securely and are not damaged or loose. Make sure that all walkways, platforms and steps are free of dirt, debris, ice, mud and any other potentially hazardous obstructions.

**Handholds/Grab Handles** — Check to ensure all handholds are installed and are not loose or damaged.

Glass — Check for cracked, broken, scratched or dirty glass.

Cleaning Instructions for Optional Plastic Glazing — Wash windows with a clean sponge or soft cloth using lukewarm water and mild detergent or window cleaner. Rinse with clean water. Do not use abrasive or highly alkaline cleaners. Never scrape with squeegees, razor blades or other sharp instruments. Remove ice and frost with the cab heater/defroster or by applying heat.

Mirrors — Check to be certain all mirrors are installed and that they are clean, undamaged and properly adjusted.

**Seat Belts** — Check the entire seat belt system for wear and proper operation. Make sure anchor mountings are tight.

# AWARNING

Always check the seat belt system for wear and proper operation. All components must be in good condition and ready to function correctly when necessary. Failure to check the seat belt system could lead to serious injury or death.

# **Electrical**

**Horn** — Operate the steering wheel-mounted horn to check operation. (Check optional air horns if equipped.)

**Instruments** — Check operation of all instruments and gauges.

**Lights** — Check to make sure all lights (interior, exterior, headlights, etc.) function properly. Make sure the gauge and dash backlighting is working properly.

**Wiring** — Check to ensure all wiring is properly secured and protected. Replace worn, cracked or chafed wires and looms. Make sure factory wiring has not been compromised by improper splicing or modifications.



# **Exhaust System**

Maintain the exhaust system (mufflers, pipes, stacks, joints) integrity to ensure no exhaust fumes can enter the cab. Look for loose, damaged or missing exhaust components. Be alert to any exhaust fumes or unusual odors in the cab.

#### **Frame**

Check for cracks and signs of damage. Pay close attention to highly stressed areas of the frame such as the boom pivot area. Contact your dealer for instructions on frame repair. Do not weld on frame rails unless directed to do so by your Kalmar dealer or by the factory.

# **Fuel System**

The throttle should operate smoothly and with minimal effort. Always replace damaged throttle components with factory replacement parts.

# **Propeller Shaft**

Check the universal joints for wear. If propeller shaft vibrations occur, stop the vehicle immediately to prevent serious damage to the vehicle drivetrain.

# Steering

Be alert to any change or feel in steering while driving the vehicle. This change or feel may include a change in steering effort, unusual sounds when turning, or excessive wheel play or pulling to either side.

If a problem is suspected or felt, check steering components for loose, damaged or worn parts. All steering components such as the tie rod and drag link must be tight.

Check the power steering system for leaks and hose chafing. Repair any problems before operating the vehicle. Regularly inspect all steering linkages.

# AWARNING

Do not operate the vehicle with broken, damaged, worn or non-OEM steering system components. If the Pre-Operation Safety Inspection reveals any of these issues, have the vehicle repaired immediately by a qualified technician. Failure to do so could result in serious injury or death.



# Suspension

# A CAUTION

Check the condition of the front and optional rear (if installed) suspension components such as mounting brackets and bushings. Check for worn and damaged parts. Failure to do so could result in injury.

Check and maintain the specified torque on all mounting bolts and nuts. Check the springs and replace broken or distorted springs.

#### **Transmission**

Follow the transmission manufacturer's guidelines for proper maintenance.

#### Wheels

Check the condition and maintain the specified torque on all wheel mounting nuts. Replace missing or broken studs and nuts. Check tire inflation and wear. Do not operate this vehicle with badly worn or damaged tires.

#### NOTICE

Because of the many options available on Kalmar tractors, it is critical that the owner be aware of all options that may affect the safe operation of the vehicle and take appropriate measures to maintain his/her specific vehicle. Always contact your Kalmar dealer if any questions arise regarding safe operation of this vehicle.



# Sample Pre-Operation Checklist

(Walk Around Inspection)

	Check tires for damage and proper inflation.
	Check cab hold down latch (air suspension unit) for proper latching.
	Check all fluid levels: engine oil, hydraulic and coolant.
	Drain any moisture from air tanks.
-	Check cab doors and latches for proper operation.
	Ensure that all steps, walkways and handholds are installed and in good working order.
	Start engine and check transmission fluid level with parking brake applied and transmission shift selector in "neutral".
	Check windshield wiper for proper operation.
	Check steering system for any binding. Make sure steering effort is smooth and light.
	Check accelerator for proper operation. The accelerator should operate smoothly and without any binding.
	Check all rear view mirrors; adjust and clean if needed.
	Check cab and frame for any structural damage or cracks.
	Inspect trailer electrical cable and trailer air lines for damage. Make sure both air lines are installed.
	Clean all windows if needed.
	Check transmission shift lever for any binding.
	Check boom control lever for proper operation.
	Check all lights for proper operation: headlights, turn signals, brake lights, hazard lights and marker lights.
	Check horn(s) for proper operation.
	Check and fill fuel tank.



Figure 1 — Operator Orientation Video

# 1.8 Additional Manuals and Safety Information

Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors offers an Operator Orientation Video DVD. This video covers important information that all Kalmar operators must know. The video should be used in conjunction with this manual to instruct the operator on the proper operation of the Kalmar tractor. Shipped with every tractor, this video is also available through your Kalmar dealer or directly from Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors.



# 1.9 Service Assistance

Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors has an established dealer network throughout the world. Whenever assistance is needed, contact your local dealer first. For contact information, visit our website at Kalmarind.com or contact Kalmar sales.

When parts or service are required, always have the serial number of the vehicle ready before contacting your Kalmar dealer. The serial number is located on an ID plate inside of the cab.

Kalmar is proud to have been the leader in the Port and Terminal Tractor Industry for over 50 years. We strive to serve our customers in every way possible. Thank you for buying our Kalmar tractor. We know it will serve you well for many years.

If, for any reason, you are not able to obtain assistance from any Kalmar dealer, feel free to contact Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors directly.

For assistance call: Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors Service Department (785) 242-2200



# 3 Description and Operation

The following section on **Description and Operation** should be read carefully. It covers important information that every operator must know before operating any Kalmar tractor.

This manual is intended to cover the standard Kalmar tractor and some of the most common options. Not all of the customer-ordered optional equipment or systems are covered in this manual. If the operation of any component or system on your vehicle is not covered in this manual, call your Kalmar dealer for assistance.

### AWARNING

All individuals who operate this vehicle must have sufficient training to operate this type of vehicle and should have a valid commercial driver's license. This manual is not intended to be a training guide for yard tractor operation. It is the operator's responsibility to obtain sufficient training in order to operate this vehicle safely. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OPERATE THIS VEHICLE WITHOUT ADEQUATE TRAINING. OPERATING THIS VEHICLE WITHOUT ADEQUATE TRAINING COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

# 3.1 Cab/Deck Vehicle Entry and Exit

The Kalmar tractor is designed for easy entry and exit. The walkways, steps and handholds are designed with operator safety in mind. As with any vehicle of this type, care must be taken when climbing in or out of your Kalmar tractor. Remember, be careful!

# AWARNING

Always exercise caution when entering or exiting the vehicle. To avoid serious injury or death, read the following instructions and warnings before entering and exiting the vehicle.

- Entry and exit should be made slowly and carefully.
- A three-point stance should be used. Three out of the four extremities (hands and feet) should be in contact with the vehicle at all times.
- 3. Face inward toward steps when entering and exiting.
- 4. Keep steps, walkways and handholds in good condition.
- Keep steps, handholds, walkways and shoes free of grease, mud, dirt, fuel, ice and snow.
- Use extra care during bad weather, especially when steps and handholds may be icy or wet.

### AWARNING

Do not remove or modify factory-installed walkways, steps or handholds. Do not operate your vehicle unless all of the factory-installed steps, walkways and handholds are installed and in good working condition. If the walkways, steps or handholds have been modified or removed, or are not in good working order, anyone attempting to enter or exit the vehicle could be injured or killed.

# 3.1.3 Cab Tilting

The tractor comes equipped with an electrically operated cab tilt system as standard equipment. Under power assist, the cab can be tilted to 45 degrees. At 45 degrees, the safety prop is automatically engaged.

The cab can be tilted MANUALLY to 90 degrees if needed. This requires that the tilt cylinder be disconnected, and that a suitable hoist be used to tilt the cab all the way to the 90-degree position.

All tractors come standard with a cab air suspension. These units are designed to work with the power cab tilt, and unlatch automatically.

The electric cab tilt is designed to tilt the cab to 45 degrees at which point the cab safety prop is automatically engaged. The tilt system is not designed to provide a safety prop at any point other than 45 degrees. Figure 3 shows proper engagement of the cab safety prop.

# ! DANGER

Never work under the cab unless the safety prop is properly engaged. The cab could fall and cause serious injury or death. (See Figure 3 and Figure 4.)

# A CAUTION

Only tilt the cab far enough past the 45-degree point to engage the safety bar. Attempting to fully extend the cylinder past 45 degrees can cause pump and motor damage. Check the cab tilt cylinder and bracket mounting bolt for proper torque and wear! Failure to check and operate the cab tilt system correctly can result in injury.

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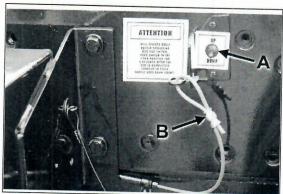


Figure 2
A — Cab Tilt Control Switch
B — Safety Prop Release Cable

# To Tilt Cab

In most cases, the cab tilt control switch is located on the lefthand frame rail (Figure 2). The safety prop release cable is located on the left-hand rail, within reach of the tilt switch.

# AWARNING

Ensure that no part of the body is under the cab while tilting. Stand clear of the rear of the cab and ensure that the cab does not strike you when it is being raised. Failure to do so can lead to serious injury or death.

### AWARNING

Ensure that the safety prop is properly engaged before working under the cab. The safety prop must be able to move freely to engage automatically. Always check the safety prop before working under the cab and make sure to properly maintain this important safety system. Failure to do so can result in serious injury or death.

- 1. Locate the cab tilt control switch and safety prop release cable.
- 2. Pull the safety prop release cable and hold the cable to the rear.
- 3. While holding the cable to the rear, move the tilt control switch to the UP position.
- 4. After the cab has traveled about 15 inches (381 mm), release the safety prop cable and continue tilting the cab.
- As the cab approaches the 45-degree position, watch for the safety prop to drop over the tilt cylinder on the driver's side of the frame. (Figure 3 and Figure 4) STOP!
- After the safety prop has dropped over the cylinder, move the tilt control switch to the DOWN position (Figure 2, page 14) and lower the cab slightly until the safety prop rests fully on the top of the tilt cylinder (Figure 3).
- 7. Make sure that the safety prop is resting properly on top of the tilt cylinder. Pull on the safety prop release cable and ensure that the safety prop is secure. It should not move with the weight of the cab on the prop.



A — Tilt Cylinder B — Safety Prop

C — Safety Prop Release Cable

The Safety Prop (B) is resting flush against the Tilt Cylinder (A). The Safety Prop is properly engaged.

# CAB SAFETY PROP IS NOT ENGAGED CORRECTLY

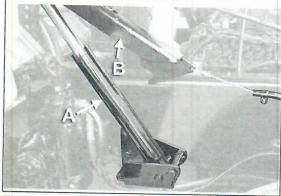


Figure 4
Safety Prop (B) is NOT resting flush against Tilt
Cylinder (A). The Safety Prop is NOT properly
engaged.

# To Lower Cab

- Move the cab tilt switch to the UP position and raise the cab slightly until the safety prop is free from the top of the tilt cylinder.
- 2. Pull the safety prop release cable to the rear and hold in the rearward position.
- Move the tilt switch to the DOWN position with the safety prop disengaged and allow the cab to lower onto the rear cab latch.
- Hold the cab tilt switch in the DOWN position for 5 seconds after the cab has come to rest on the lower latch units to ensure that the mechanical cab latches are fully engaged.

# AWARNING

Ensure that the cab latch is fully engaged after lowering the cab. If the cab latch is not properly locked down, the cab could tilt while the vehicle is in motion, resulting in serious injury or death.

# AWARNING

If a cab latch fails or the tilt system malfunctions, the safety prop is designed to act as a secondary hold down. Ensure that the release cable is operating freely and that the safety prop rests against the tilt cylinder when the cab is in the lowered and latched position. Failure to do so can result in serious injury or death.

# 3.1.4 Seating

# **Suspension-Type Seats**

All Kalmar tractors have a suspension-type seat as standard equipment.

# AWARNING

Due to the vertical travel of suspension seats, the operator must ensure that there is adequate head clearance when the seat is at the top of its upward travel. Failure to do so can result in serious injury or death.



# Seat Adjustment

Refer to the seat manufacturer's information packet provided with the vehicle or to the decal located on the seat base. Your local Kalmar dealer can assist with any questions.

Adjust the seat to the comfortable position for the operator to have full control of all cab controls and displays. This position is obtained by changing the air pressure in the suspension, which changes the height. The fore and aft position is obtained by moving the seat cushion back on its slides. Once this position is achieved, tighten the seat belt tether securely on both sides. The tether will restrain the seat from raising above this position. Now, the seat air suspension may be adjusted to the operator's desired firmness.

### AWARNING

Do not adjust the driver's seat unless the vehicle is parked. The seat could move suddenly and unexpectedly, resulting in loss of control of the vehicle, serious injury or death.

### AWARNING

The Kalmar tractor is designed and equipped to carry only the driver (unless built with a two-man cab). Never allow anyone to ride anywhere inside or outside of the cab. Carrying a passenger is extremely dangerous and can result in serious injury or death. NEVER CARRY PASSENGERS WITH YOUR KALMAR TRACTOR.



# 3.1.5 Instrument Panel Gauges, Controls and Indicators Instrument Panel Overview

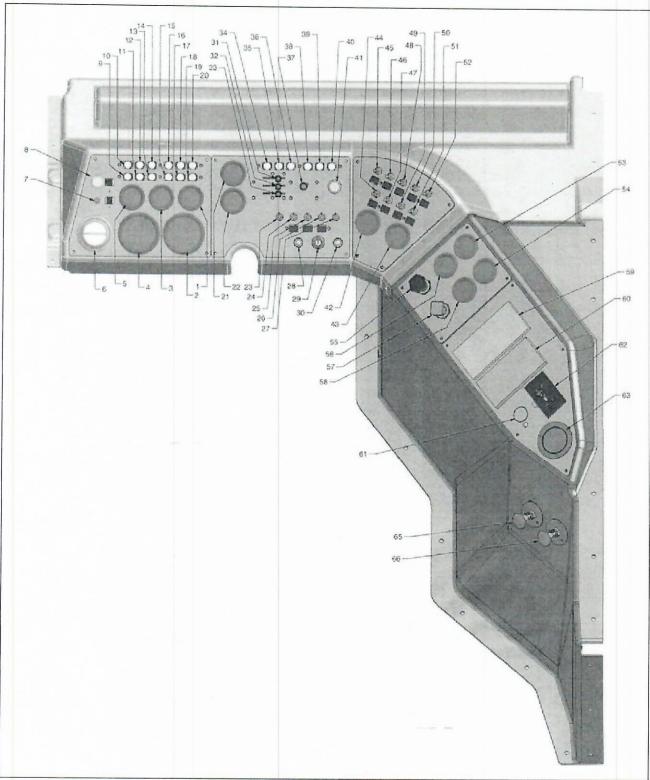


Figure 5



s=standard a=assigned options u=unassigned options n=not available

POS	Name	Std Off Hwy	Cummings ISB/ISC	Caterpillar 3126	Detroit Diesel S40 E
2	Water Temp Gauge Tachometer	S	S	S	S
3	Oil Pressure Gauge	a	a	а	a
4	Speedometer	S	S	S	S
5	Fuel Gauge	a	S	S	S
6	Air Diffuser	S	S	S	S
7		S	S	S	S
8	Headlight Switch Panel LTS Dimmer	S	S	S	S
9		a	S	S	S
10	Indicator Light	n	u	u	u
11	Indicator Light	u	S	u	u
12	Indicator Light	n	u	u	u
13	Indicator Light	u	S	S	S
14	Indicator Light	n	u	u	u
15	Indicator Light	u	S	S	u
	Indicator Light	n	u	u	u
16	Indicator Light	u	S	S	S
17	Indicator Light	n	u	u	u
18	Stop Engine IND Light	S	S	S	S
19	Indicator Light	n	u	u	u
20	LH Turn Signal IND LT	S	S	S	S
					3
21	Volt Meter	S	S	S	S
22	Hour Meter	S	S	S	S
23	A/C Switch	a	a	a	a
24	Washer Switch	а	a	a	
25	Beacon LT Switch	а	a	a	a
26	Optional Switch	u	u	U	a
27	Flood Light Switch	S	S	S	u
28	Ether Start	а	a	a	S
29	Ignition Switch	S	S	S	a
30	Push Button Start	a	a	a	S
31	Heater Controls	S	S	S	a
32	Heater Controls	S	S		S
33	Heater Controls	S	S	S	S
34	HI Beam Indicator LT	S	S	s s	S
35	RH Turn Signal IND LT	S	S		S
36	Indicator Light	u	u	S	S
37	Heater Fan Control	S	S	u s	u
38	Indicator Light	u	u		S
40	Brake Air Indicator LT	S	S	u s	u
41	Wiper Switch	S	S		S
			3	S	S
12-52	Gauge	u	u	u	
			ч	u	u
53	Standard Air Gauge	S	S	e l	
54	2nd Air Gauge	a	a	S	S
55	Tractor Park Control	S	S	a	a
56	Gauge	u	u	S	S
57	Trailer Park Control	S	s	u	u
8	Gauge	u	S U	S	S
		4	u	u	u
9	Shifter Control	a			
0	5th Wheel Control	S	a	a	a
1	5th Wheel Latch	S	S	S	S
2	Dolly Master		S	S	S
3	Load Gauge	a	a	а	a
5	Inter Axle Diff Lock	a	a	а	a
6	Differential Lock	a	a	a	a
-	Dinordinal Lock	a	a	a	a

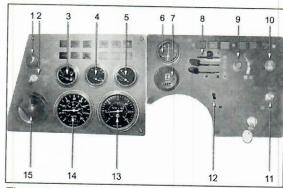


Figure 6

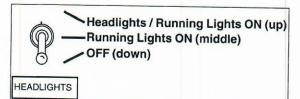


Figure 7

#### Panels 1 and 2

#### 1. Dash Panel Light Dimmer

#### 2. Headlight/Running Light Control

Controls headlights and running lights on the tractor and trailer. This switch also activates the interior dash and gauge lights when either the headlights or the running lights are on. The switch has three positions (refer to Figure 7).

#### 3. Fuel Gauge

Indicates the level of fuel in the fuel tank in 1/4 increments.

# 4. Engine Oil Pressure Gauge

Indicates the engine oil pressure in P.S.I.

#### 5. Coolant Temperature Gauge

Indicates the temperature of the engine coolant in degrees Fahrenheit.

#### 6. Voltmeter (Ammeter Optional)

Indicates the status of the charging system in volts. If the engine is running, the gauge indicates the alternator output voltage. If the engine is not running, the voltmeter indicates the output voltage of the battery.

#### 7. Hour Meter

Indicates engine operating hours.

#### 8. Heater Control

Controls the heater temperature. The full left position shuts off the heater. The lever can be adjusted to provide the desired amount of heat by moving it to the right from the OFF position.

#### 9. Fan Speed ON/OFF Switch

The switch has four positions. Full counterclockwise is the OFF position.

#### 10. Windshield Wiper Control

Operates the windshield wiper. Turning the control clockwise increases the speed of the wiper. Turning the control counterclockwise completely parks the wiper.

#### 11. Floodlight Control

Activates a normally rear facing flood light. The switch is two position, up (ON) and down (OFF).

#### 12. Air Conditioner Switch (Optional)

Activates the air conditioning compressor when the optional air conditioning is installed.

#### 13. Tachometer (Optional)

Indicates engine R.P.M.

#### 14. Speedometer

Indicates vehicle speed in M.P.H. or K.P.H. This gauge may also come with an odometer feature built in.

#### 15. Heater/Air Conditioner Duct

Directional and closeable duct for the heater and air conditioner.

#### 16. Beacon Switch (Optional) (Not Illustrated)

Operates the "optional" beacon light. The switch is two position, up (ON) and down (OFF).



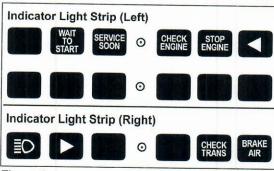


Figure 8

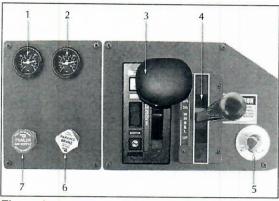


Figure 9

#### **Indicator Light Strip**

The indicator lights are located along the top of dash panels 1 and 2 (Figure 8). These panels contain the four STANDARD indicators and any optional indicators. The four standard indicators are listed below:

- Left Turn Signal Indicator (green arrow) Indicates left-hand turn signal is on when flashing.
- Right Turn Signal Indicator (green arrow) Indicates right-hand turn signal is on when flashing.
- High Beam Indicator
   (blue light symbol) Indicates high beams are on when illuminated.
- Low Air Pressure
   (brake air) Indicates system air pressure is below 70 P.S.I.
   (4.83 bar) when illuminated.

#### Panels 4 and 5

- Standard Air Gauge Indicates air pressure in the air system in P.S.I.
- 2. **2nd Air Gauge** Indicates air pressure in the air system in P.S.I.
- 3. **Transmission Shift Selector**Selects the operating range of the transmission. (See page 28, Transmission.)
- Boom Control Lever
   Operates the hydraulic boom and fifth wheel. (See page 36, Hydraulic Boom Operation.)
- Fifth Wheel Unlatch Control
   Engages the fifth wheel jaw locking mechanism. (See page 36, Fifth Wheel Unlatch Control Valve.)
- Parking Brake Control
   Operates the parking brakes on the vehicle and trailer.
   (See page 33, Parking Brake.)
- Trailer Air Supply
   Activates the trailer air supply. (See page 33, Parking Brake and Trailer Air Supply Controls.)

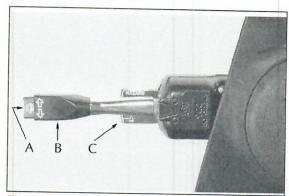


Figure 10

- A High Beam Switch
- B Turn Signal Lever
- C Emergency Flasher Switch



Figure 11

# Turn Signal, High Beam and Emergency Flasher Control

The column-mounted control on the Kalmar tractor has three functions. It is located on the left-hand side of the steering column (Figure 10).

- Moving the lever (Figure 10, B) forward activates the right turn signal. Moving the lever to the rear activates the left turn signal. The turn signal is not self canceling and must be returned to the center (OFF) position manually after it is engaged. The green arrows on the dash panel light up and flash when the switch is activated.
- The button on the end of the lever operates the high beam lights (Figure 10, A). The headlights must be on for the switch to work. When the high beam headlights are on, the high beam indicator on the dash will light up.
- The pull out switch under the lever activates the emergency flashers (Figure 10, C). Pulling out on the switch turns the flashers on. To turn the flashers off, move the turn signal lever forward or backward.

## **Driver Controlled Differential Lock**

(Optional on drive axles)

Drive axles may be equipped with a driver controlled differential lock. This is an air-actuated traction device that can be manually controlled inside the cab by the operator. By actuating a dash-mounted control, the operator can lock or unlock the differential.

# AWARNING

The differential must not be engaged when traveling at higher speeds or down steep grades with limited traction.

- When the differential is fully locked, the vehicle will have reduced steering capability. Do not use the differential when driving at higher speeds or loss of vehicle control, serious injury or death can result.
- The differential must not be engaged when traveling down steep grades when traction is limited. This can result in loss of vehicle control, damage to components, serious injury or death. Refer to the axle manufacturer for the correct operational and maintenance procedures.

# **Ignition Switches**

The standard ignition switch on the Kalmar tractor is a key type, similar to the kind found on automobiles. Push button and other types of ignition switches are installed as optional equipment.



#### **Key-Type Ignition**

There are three positions: OFF, ACCESSORY and RUN/START. The full left (counterclockwise) position is the OFF position. The second position to the right (clockwise) is the ACCESSORY position. The third position to the right (clockwise) is the RUN/START position.

The RUN/START position is used to engage the starter motor. Moving the switch to the full right position engages the starter and upon release of the key, the switch automatically stays in the RUN position.

The ACCESSORY position activates the tractor's electrical accessory circuit.

The OFF position cuts all power to the electrical system and shuts down the engine.

#### NOTICE

The OFF position on the standard three-position key-type switch is designed to function as the engine stop. There is no other engine stop device other than the ignition switch on the standard Kalmar tractor.

#### **Push Button Starter**

Push button starters are optional on Kalmar tractors. There are two basic types of toggle ignition switches: three position and two position.

The three-position type functions like the standard key type with OFF, ACCESSORY and RUN positions. The button engages the starter when the switch is in the RUN position only.

The two-position switch has only the OFF and RUN positions. It has no provision for the ACCESSORY position. The button engages the starter in the RUN position only.

# A CAUTION

If the engine does not start within 30 seconds, release the starter switch and wait 3 minutes to allow the starter motor to cool. If after three repeated attempts the engine still fails to start, stop and determine the cause. The starter motor may be damaged by repeated attempts to start the engine.

#### NOTICE

Some vehicles may be equipped with optional shut down systems or optional starter switches. Contact your Kalmar dealer if you have any questions regarding the operation of any optional starter switches or shut down systems.

For starting the vehicle, refer to page 26, Starting the Engine.



# 3.1.6 Electrical Equipment Accessory Connections

The wiring harness in the Kalmar tractor is designed to support many vehicle options. These options may or may not already be on your vehicle. If any electrical equipment is installed on the vehicle after it leaves the factory, contact your Kalmar dealer first. Your dealer can provide you with information on proper electrical modifications and installations. Generally, there will be an accessory location on the harness where you will need it. Do not risk damaging your vehicle or voiding the warranty by making improper and poor electrical modifications. Contact your Kalmar dealer first.

# Relays/Breakers/Fuses

The Kalmar tractor is equipped with an easily accessible fuse panel. This panel is located below and to the left of the steering column, underneath the dash (Figure 12, page 23).

The main relay panel is located directly above the main fuse panel. The relay panel can be accessed by removing the first dash panel.

The fuse panel has a hinged cover. A decal showing the relay locations can be found on the back of the cover. If the cover is missing, refer to Figure 12 for fuse and relay locations.

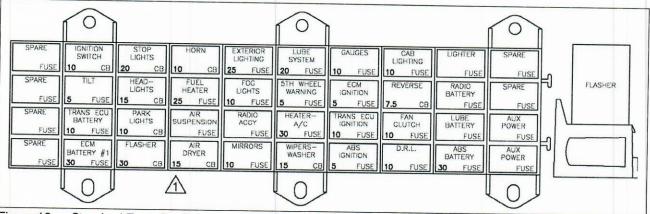


Figure 12 — Standard Fuse Configuration



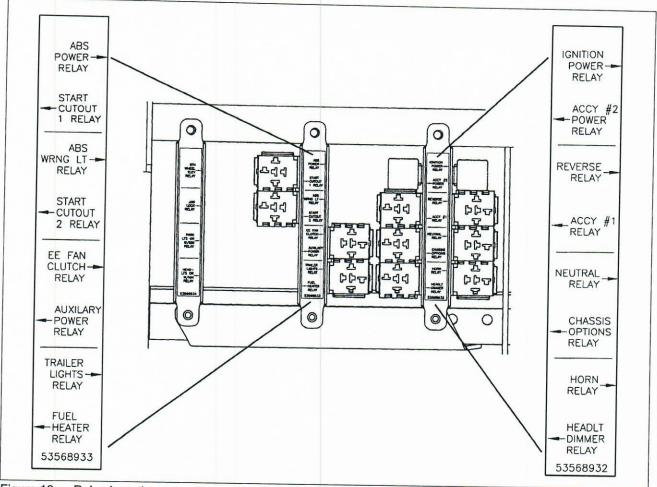


Figure 13 — Relay Location

# 3.1.9 Occupant Restraint System

THE KALMAR TRACTOR IS EQUIPPED WITH SEAT BELTS. THEY SHOULD BE USED WHENEVER THE VEHICLE IS IN OPERATION.

# **Seat Belt Operation**

### AWARNING

Always use seat belts whenever the vehicle is in operation. In the event of a sudden stop or accident, unbelted riders can be thrown about the cab or into the windshield, resulting in serious injury or death.

The seat belt system used on Kalmar tractors is a lap-type restraint with an automatic retractor.

Before fastening the seat belt, be sure to adjust the seat to a comfortable driving position. To fasten the belt, pull the belt low across the hips and insert the tongue into the buckle.

To release the seat belt, press the button on the buckle and the belt will retract automatically.

# 3.2 Chassis

# 3.2.2 Powertrain

# **Engine**

Kalmar tractors come equipped with a variety of engines. Kalmar provides the manufacturer's Engine Operation Manual with each vehicle.

# A CAUTION

It is the operator's responsibility to read the Engine Operation Manual and follow all instructions provided by the engine manufacturer. Failure to do so can result in injury.

Engine performance is very important to the efficient operation of the Kalmar tractor. Failure to properly maintain and operate any engine can lead to very costly repairs and extensive down time. KNOW YOUR ENGINE AND MAINTAIN IT!

#### NOTICE

This manual only contains basic information on engine operation that applies specifically to the Kalmar tractor, or is applicable to all diesel engines. For additional information, contact the individual component manufacturer directly or via the internet to obtain manuals.



If you did not receive an Engine Operation Manual, contact your Kalmar dealer.

### A CAUTION

Failure to read and follow the engine manufacturer's instructions regarding engine operation may lead to severe engine damage. Read the Engine Operation Manual before operating this vehicle.

# Starting the Engine

### ! DANGER

Never attempt to start the vehicle from any position other than the driver's seat. Attempting to start the vehicle while standing, outside of the cab, or in the engine compartment may cause the vehicle to move uncontrolled and cause serious injury or death.

# AWARNING

Always set the parking brake and place the shifter in neutral before attempting to start the engine. Failure to do so may cause the vehicle to move suddenly and unexpectedly when the starter is engaged. Serious injury or death can result.

# A CAUTION

All Kalmar tractors are designed to start in NEUTRAL ONLY. If the vehicle you are operating starts while it is in gear, DO NOT OPERATE THE VEHICLE. Shut the vehicle down and have the neutral lock-out switch repaired before operating the vehicle.

The following is provided as general guideline information. Always follow all instructions provided in the manufacturer's Engine Operation Manual. Different makes and models of engines have different operating characteristics and requirements. There are some important guidelines to follow when starting any Kalmar equipped with a diesel engine. These are listed below.

To start a vehicle equipped with the standard electrical starting system, follow these steps:

# **Starting Procedure**

#### NOTICE

All Kalmar tractors are designed to start in **NEUTRAL ONLY**. The starter should not operate if the vehicle is in any other gear.

Set the parking brake.



- 2. Place the transmission control in NEUTRAL.
- 3. Apply the service brakes using the floor-mounted treadle valve and hold the brakes in this position.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position (if your vehicle is not equipped with an ignition-operated engine shut down, then use the engine shut down button or control to stop the engine).
- 5. Wait for the "Wait to Start" light on the dash to go out if the vehicle is equipped with one.
- Turn the key to the START position. When the engine starts, release the key and allow the switch to remain in the RUN position.

#### NOTICE

If the engine does not start within 30 seconds, release the starter switch and wait 3 minutes to allow the starter motor to cool. If after three repeated attempts, the engine still fails to start, stop and determine the cause. The starter motor may be damaged by repeated attempts to start the engine.

# **Engine Shut Down**

Diesel engines generate large amounts of heat. Internal engine parts on any diesel engine need to cool down before the engine is shut off. The operator should allow the engine to idle for at least 3 minutes prior to shutting the engine down. This cool down period allows the coolant to dissipate internal engine heat. Shutting a hot engine down without a cool down period may cause an immediate and excessive increase in engine temperature. This could severely damage internal engine components.

#### NOTICE

Always refer to the Engine Operation Manual for complete information on engine shut down procedures.

#### **Shut Down Procedure**

- 1. Place the transmission in NEUTRAL.
- 2. Set the parking brake.
- 3. Allow the engine to idle at low idle for at least 3 minutes.
- 4. Turn the ignition switch to the OFF position (if your vehicle is not equipped with an ignition-operated engine shut down, then use the engine shut down button or control to stop the engine).
- Make sure all electrical accessories and lights are off and the vehicle is in NEUTRAL.

#### NOTICE

Failure to follow the engine manufacturer's guidelines regarding engine shut down procedures may cause severe engine damage.



## **Engine Oil**

Always refer to the Engine Operation Manual for complete information on engine oil requirements. Service intervals, oil types and refill quantities are all covered in the Engine Operation Manual. READ IT!

## **Transmission**

Standard tractors are equipped with an Allison Automatic Transmission, RDS series. These heavy-duty transmissions are designed for stop-and-go operation. An Allison Transmission Operator's Manual is provided with every Kalmar tractor. This manual provides important information on operation of the RDS series transmissions.

The following information can be found in your Allison Operator's Manual:

- 1. Gear selection
- 2. Shifting the transmission
- 3. Driving tips
- 4. Care and maintenance
- 5. Check oil level with shifter
- 6. Check/clear fault codes
- 7. Prognostics

# A CAUTION

The operator of this vehicle must read and follow the instructions in the Allison Operator's Manual. Failure to do so may lead to serious vehicle damage or personal injury.

The forward to reverse shifts of the transmission are controlled by the ECM.

# Parking with an Automatic Transmission

The Allison RDS series transmissions do not have a PARK position like an automobile transmission. For information on how to properly park your Kalmar tractor, see the following sections in this manual:

page 33, Parking the Vehicle page 33, Parking Brake

# **Axles**

Kalmar tractors may be ordered with a variety of axle configurations, makes and models. It is important to refer to the axle manufacturer's information for your specific axle. You can obtain axle operation and maintenance information from



your local Kalmar dealer. The following is general axle information and may not apply to your particular axle.

#### NOTICE

This manual does not contain complete operational information on any axle. The operator must obtain and refer to the axle manufacturer's information on operation, service and maintenance.

# **Axle Operating Temperature**

Normally, axle operating temperatures will not exceed more than 100°F (37°C) above ambient temperature. Operating temperatures above 230°F (110°C) significantly increase the rate of lubricant oxidation and shorten the effective life of the lubricant. This makes more frequent changes necessary.

# Rear Axles with Locking Differentials

Kalmar tractors may be equipped with a variety of special axle and differential combinations. Because of the affect of special differentials on vehicle operation, it is important to understand how your particular differential operates. Locking or limited slip differentials are not standard on Kalmar tractors. If you do not know if your vehicle is equipped with a special axle and differential, contact your Kalmar dealer.

# "No Spin" Positive Locking Differential

Kalmar tractors may be equipped with an optional "No Spin" differential. This locking differential has very special operating characteristics. IT IS VERY IMPORTANT FOR THE OPERATOR OF A VEHICLE EQUIPPED WITH THIS FEATURE TO OBTAIN AND FOLLOW ALL OF THE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE DIFFERENTIAL MANUFACTURER. Contact your Kalmar dealer for assistance on operating and maintaining this differential.

# 3.2.4 Air System and Brakes

# / DANGER

Brakes must be kept in proper working condition.

Operating a vehicle with poorly maintained brakes or worn out brakes can cause a loss of vehicle control. This may lead to serious injury or death. Never operate the vehicle unless the brakes are working properly.

# A CAUTION

Do not allow moisture to collect in the air tanks. The air tanks must be drained daily. Failure to drain the air tanks can damage the air brake system and lead to injury.

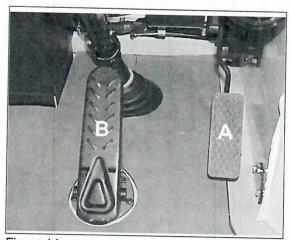


Figure 14
A — Accelerator Pedal
B — Brake Treadle/Pedal

Kalmar tractors come equipped with a pneumatic (air) brake system. This system has two basic parts: the service brakes and the spring parking brakes.

The service brakes are the part of the system that the driver uses when he operates the foot-operated treadle valve (or foot pedal) in the cab (Figure 14, page 30).

The service brakes are the primary brakes used by the operator. The service brakes require air to operate. If there is insufficient air in the system, the service brakes will not operate.

The spring brakes are used for parking the vehicle. They are also called the parking brakes because the parking brake control applies the spring brakes. The spring brakes use the mechanical force of a spring to operate. They do not need air to operate, but they do need air to be released. If there is a loss of pressure in the system, these brakes will automatically apply. This is why the spring brakes are sometimes called "emergency" brakes. Remember, if there is no air in the system, the spring (parking) brakes will not fully release.

# **Low Air Pressure Indicators**

When air pressure in the brake system is below 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar), the warning buzzer will sound and the Low Air warning indicator on the dash panel will light up. The air pressure gauge should indicate low air pressure in the system. The warning buzzer will shut off after air pressure has reached 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar) (see page 20).

If the warning light and buzzer do not shut off at least 5 minutes after start-up, shut the engine down and determine why the air system is not charging.

If the Low Air indicator light or buzzer indicates a loss of air pressure while driving, the vehicle should be stopped immediately. The vehicle should not be operated until the air system is repaired and functioning properly.

# A DANGER

Do not operate the vehicle if the air brake system is not working properly. If the air brakes are not working properly, have the vehicle repaired immediately by a qualified technician. Operating a vehicle when the air brake system is not working properly can result in serious injury or death.

# **Service Brakes**

The service brake system is controlled by a foot-operated treadle valve (foot pedal) in the cab. This is the left-hand pedal, located to the right of the steering column (Figure 14, page 30). The amount of foot pedal pressure determines the amount of air pressure delivered to the brakes. The more



pressure applied on the treadle valve (pedal), the more braking force is applied to the brakes. The service brakes should be applied in a smooth, constant application. They should not be pumped or fanned while slowing or stopping the vehicle. Even in an emergency stop situation, the service brakes should not be rapidly "pumped".

### AWARNING

Do not pump the air brakes like a car during an emergency stop. Rapidly pumping the brakes is more likely to use up all of the air in the system and cause the spring brakes to apply and lock the rear wheels. This can result in an out of control skid, serious injury or death.

While the engine is running, the air compressor replenishes the brake system air supply. This air supply provides the pressure necessary to operate the service brakes.

The service brakes require at least 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar) to operate effectively. If the system is not up to at least 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar), there may not be enough air in the system to stop the vehicle. Several hard brake applications can quickly deplete the pressure in the air system and could possibly cause the pressure to drop below 43 P.S.I. (2.96 bar). If this happens, the spring brakes will apply automatically, possibly causing the operator to lose control of the vehicle.

The service brake system is integrated with the parking brake system. Should the service brake system fail because of a lack of air pressure (below 43 P.S.I. [2.96 bar]), the spring brakes will automatically be applied for emergency braking.

### AWARNING

Rapid successive brake application and release, sometimes referred to as "fanning" or "pumping" the brakes, should be avoided. This is an improper way to slow or stop a vehicle with air brakes and may use up all of the air in the system before the vehicle is stopped or slowed completely. This could result in serious injury or death.

### AWARNING

Always connect both trailer air lines when towing a trailer. Failure to connect both the trailer service (BLUE), and the trailer supply (RED) air lines greatly reduces braking ability of the tractor trailer combination and creates a serious hazard. This increases the possibility of an accident and could result in serious injury or death.



### AWARNING

Never operate the vehicle when system air pressure is below 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar). There may not be enough air in the system to stop or slow the vehicle. Have the brake system checked by a certified air brake mechanic if there is any doubt about the brake system performance. Failure to ensure sufficient air pressure can result in serious injury or death.

### A.B.S.

Some trucks may be equipped with the Anti-lock Braking System (A.B.S.). The A.B.S. is designed to prevent wheel lockup during hard braking.

Trucks equipped with A.B.S. have an indicator light located in dash panel 1. The indicator light will warn the operator if there is a potential problem in the system.

Trucks should not be operated if the indicator light is on. Contact your nearest Kalmar dealer for qualified service on the A.B.S.

Trucks built with A.B.S. after March of 2002 have the capability to check the trailer for a properly operating system. After connecting a trailer to the truck, the system will run a diagnostics check. If a problem is detected with the trailer side of the A.B.S., a trailer warning indicator light on the dash will illuminate.

Troubleshooting or clearing fault codes is performed at the EC module mounted in the left front wheel well.

### **Traction Control**

Automatic traction control (A.T.C.) is available as an option on trucks equipped with the Anti-lock Braking System. When activated, the A.T.C. active/warning lamp will be on and the system will limit wheel spin during hard acceleration. The system is activated by turning on the A.T.C. enable/disable switch located on the dash. During activation, the warning lamp will blink to advise the driver that drive-wheel spin is occurring.

A.T.C. can be disabled while the vehicle is stationary or in motion. However, A.T.C. will not re-enable until the vehicle comes to a complete stop, even with the switch turned to the ENABLE position.

### 

Never operate the vehicle if the truck or trailer A.B.S. warning (indicator) lights remain illuminated. This indicates the A.B.S. is not functioning properly. Shut the vehicle down and have the A.B.S. repaired immediately. Operating a vehicle without a properly operating A.B.S. can result in loss of vehicle control, personal injury or death.



### **Parking Brake**

Kalmar tractors are equipped with spring brakes for parking. The parking system is operated manually by a cab-mounted parking brake control valve (Figure 15). (Also see page 20, items 6 and 7.)

The purpose of the parking (spring) brakes is to hold the vehicle while in the PARK position.

### AWARNING

Never apply the parking brake during normal driving. Doing this will lock the rear wheels, possibly causing an uncontrolled stop.

### Parking Brake and Trailer Air Supply Controls

Air pressure in the system must be at least 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar) before the parking brake control or the trailer air supply control can be pushed in (releasing the spring brakes).

### NOTICE

If the tractor air system is completely discharged, the trailer parking brake control will be applied. The trailer parking brake should not be released until the tractor brakes are rolling.

### Parking the Vehicle

(Refer to Transmission on page 28 and Parking Brake on page 33 for additional information.)

Standard Kalmar tractors are equipped with an Allison automatic transmission and spring-operated parking brakes. Allison transmissions are unlike an automobile transmission in one important regard. They do not have a PARK position.

When parking your Kalmar tractor, there are some important rules that must be followed.



Figure 15
Parking Brake and Trailer Air Supply Controls

### ! DANGER

Failure to observe the following rules when parking the vehicle may lead to death or serious injury.

- 1. Always apply the parking brake.
- Never park the vehicle by leaving it in gear. Always place the transmission shifter selector in the "Neutral" position.
- Never park a tractor trailer combination unless the trailer parking brakes are operational and applied.

### NOTICE

If the vehicle is parked in gear, the vehicle will not start.



### **Manually Releasing Tractor Spring** Brakes (Caging)

43 P.S.I. (2.96 bar), the spring parking brakes will apply automatically. To release the spring brakes, the air pressure must be returned to 70 P.S.I. (4.83 bar). If the system cannot be recharged and the vehicle must be moved, the spring parking brakes can be released manually (caged).

To release the spring brakes, the actual spring in the brake canisters must be mechanically compressed. A release stud, or spring caging tool, must be used to manually compress the brake chamber.

### ! DANGER

Never manually release (cage) the spring brakes before the wheels are properly blocked. If the wheels are not properly blocked before releasing the spring brakes, the vehicle may move unexpectedly. This could result in serious injury or death.

The following steps can be used to release the standard brake chambers used on most Kalmar tractors. If your vehicle is equipped with other optional brake chambers, refer to that manufacturer's operation or service manual.

- 1. Shut the engine off and remove the key.
- 2. BLOCK ALL wheels front and rear to prevent the vehicle from rolling forward and backward.
- 3. Determine whether the chamber has an internal (Figure 16) or external (Figure 17) caging tool. Proceed to step 4 with an external-mounted tool. See step 8 for internal types.
- 4. Remove the access plug from the brake canister.
- 5. Insert the caging tool into the access hole, "T" end first.
- 6. Turn the caging tool 1/4 turn to engage with the slot on the pressure plate.
- 7. Try to pull the caging tool out; it should not pull out. If it does, repeat steps 5 and 6.
- 8. Thread the nut and washer down onto the threaded end of the caging tool all the way to the canister.
- 9. Tighten the nut until the threaded portion of the release tool is out. It should extend approximately 3 inches (76.2 mm) out of the nut.
  - 3 inches (76.2 mm) Type 2430 and 3030 Chambers
  - 4 inches (101.6 mm) Type 3036 and 3636 Chambers

# When air pressure in the system drops below approximately



Figure 16

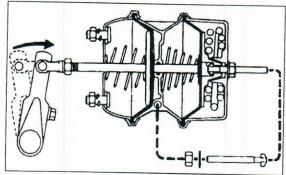


Figure 17

### NOTICE

Never use an impact wrench to tighten the nut onto the release bolt. Never exceed the above lengths and never exceed 50 ft. lbs. (67.79 Nom) of torque on the release nut or the chamber may be damaged.



### **Trailer Brakes**

Kalmar tractors are designed to use the trailer's brakes when towing trailers. All Kalmar tractors are equipped with a trailer **Supply** air line and trailer **Service** air line. The service line is BLUE. The supply line is RED.

When the vehicle is towing a trailer and service and supply lines are connected to the trailer, the trailer brakes become part of the tractor's brake system. The tractor service brakes control the trailer service brakes. The tractor parking brake control operates the tractor and trailer spring brakes. This is why it is critical that the operator always connect both air lines to the trailer.

### **Trailer Air Lines**

The service air line (blue hose) operates the trailer service brakes. The supply air line (red hose) only supplies air to the trailer spring brakes to release them. If only the supply air line is attached to the trailer, the trailer service brakes will not operate. The tractor service brakes will be doing all the braking for the combination and braking distances will be dramatically increased. Without the trailer service brakes working, jack-knifing and loss of vehicle control is much more likely during heavy braking.

### AWARNING

Always connect both trailer air lines when towing a trailer. Failure to connect both the trailer service (BLUE), and the trailer supply (RED) air lines greatly reduces braking ability of the tractor trailer combination and creates a serious hazard. This increases the possibility of an accident and could result in serious injury or death.

# 3.2.5 Hydraulic System Hydraulic Fifth Wheel Lifting System

The standard fifth wheel lifting system on Kalmar tractors is hydraulically operated. A P.T.O. and hydraulic pump mounted on the transmission provide the hydraulic power to operate the Hydraulic Fifth Wheel Lifting System. The fifth wheel is mounted to a hydraulically operated "Boom" (Figure 18). This "Boom" assembly is attached to the frame at a pivot behind the cab. The system operates like a large hydraulic floor jack.

The following are general operating instructions and may not apply to your particular vehicle. If there are any questions regarding the operation of your vehicle or a particular option, contact your Kalmar dealer.

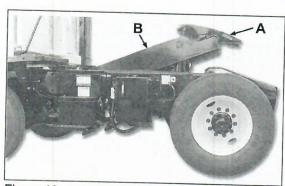


Figure 18 A — Fifth Wheel Plate B — Boom

### **Hydraulic Boom Operation**

The hydraulically operated boom is controlled by a lever inside the cab. The lever is located on the console to the right of the seat and next to the shift lever (page 20).

### ! DANGER

Never raise or lower the boom while the tractor and trailer combination is moving. Raising the boom while the tractor and trailer are moving creates a "rollover" hazard and may cause the vehicle to rollover possibly resulting in serious injury or death. DO NOT OPERATE THE BOOM CONTROL LEVER WHILE THE VEHICLE IS MOVING A TRAILER.

To Raise the Fifth Wheel: To raise the boom, the engine must be running. Pushing the lever to the UP position indicated on the boom operating lever, raises the fifth wheel. To increase the rate of travel of the boom, the engine may be idled higher while the vehicle is in NEUTRAL ONLY.

To Lower the Fifth Wheel: To lower the boom, the engine must be running and the transmission in NEUTRAL. Pulling the boom control lever to the DOWN position marked on the boom operating lever, lowers the boom and fifth wheel. To increase the rate of travel of the boom, the engine may be idled higher while the vehicle is in NEUTRAL ONLY. Standard configuration of the boom allows both power up and down capability.

### Fifth Wheel Unlatch Control Valve

The Kalmar tractor comes standard with an air-operated fifth wheel unlatch cylinder. The cylinder is operated by a "push-type" valve located on the right-hand console behind the shifter (page 20). Pressing the fifth wheel unlatch valve opens the kingpin jaws in the fifth wheel. After the jaws are opened, they remain open until the fifth wheel is connected to a trailer kingpin.

### NOTICE

When pulling out from under a trailer, the control must be depressed and held until the fifth wheel is clear of the trailer kingpin.

### **Basic Trailer Spotting Steps**

### NOTICE

The following information is for reference only. Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors highly recommends using the following information to create procedures that match your particular application and vehicle. It is the operator's responsibility to ensure that proper trailer moving procedures are used for a particular situation and vehicle application.



- Maintain optimum tractor air pressure (120 P.S.I.). The fifth wheel should be in the FULL DOWN position. Be absolutely positive that the fifth wheel jaws are in the UNLATCH position by depressing the unlatch control valve located to the right of the shifter. (See page 20.)
- Line the tractor up to the front of the trailer by centering the fifth wheel to the center line of the trailer. Make sure that the tail of the fifth wheel is BELOW the trailer skid ramp.
- Back the tractor UNDER the trailer until the ENTIRE fifth wheel DISAPPEARS UNDER the front edge of the trailer floor/skid plate.
- 4. With your foot firmly on the brake treadle and the tractor shift lever in NEUTRAL, move the boom control lever to the UP position and raise the trailer until the trailer support is JUST OFF THE GROUND. DO NOT raise the trailer any more than a few inches to provide clearance between the trailer landing gear and the ground at this step.
- 5. After you have obtained adequate ground clearance at the trailer landing gear, place the shift selector in REVERSE, release your foot from the brake treadle and back FIRMLY into the kingpin jaws until you feel full engagement. REMEMBER, the latching jaws in the fifth wheel MUST BE FULLY IN THE UNLATCH POSITION BEFORE attempting kingpin engagement.
- 6. Place the transmission shift lever into a forward drive gear and give a "TUG" at the kingpin to ensure positive lock of the jaws around the kingpin. BE PREPARED to stop if the fifth wheel jaws have not fully latched to avoid pulling out from under the trailer and dropping it.
- 7. Place the shift lever in the NEUTRAL position and raise the boom using the boom control lever. Raise the fifth wheel to the necessary height to maintain ground clearance while towing the trailer to the new location. Be aware of potential overhead damage to a trailer if it is raised too high.
- Once proper trailer height is reached, apply the tractor parking brake. Now hook BOTH the trailer emergency and service air lines to the trailer (blue and red air lines) and plug in the trailer electrical cable.
- With the brake treadle FULLY applied, push in BOTH the parking brake control (yellow) and the trailer air supply (red). This will charge the trailer air supply and release the trailer spring/parking brakes.
- 10. After the tractor air system is fully charged, move the transmission shift lever to the proper gear and release pressure on the foot-operated brake treadle. Allow the vehicle to roll a VERY SHORT distance and then depress the brake treadle again to stop the vehicle. This procedure will ensure that the service brakes on the trailer are working properly. NOW, and ONLY NOW, are you ready to move ("SPOT") the trailer.



- 11. Once the trailer is relocated and the vehicle combination is completely stopped, place the shift lever in NEUTRAL and pull out on the trailer air supply control (red). This will apply the trailer parking brakes only. The parking brake control (yellow) should remain "in" with the tractor parking brake released.
- Using the boom control lever, lower the trailer until the trailer supports are resting completely on the ground.
- 13. Disconnect and STORE the air lines and electrical cable.
- 14. DEPRESS and HOLD the fifth wheel unlatch control valve as you slowly pull away from the trailer. Once the fifth wheel is completely clear of the kingpin, release the fifth wheel unlatch control and go to the next trailer.

FAILURE TO READ AND FOLLOW ANY OF THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS MAY LEAD TO SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

### AWARNING

When the vehicle is operated on public streets or highways, the fifth wheel manual secondary lock MUST be engaged and the fifth wheel MUST be in the DOWN position.

### AWARNING

NEVER raise or lower the boom while the vehicle has a trailer attached and is in motion.

### AWARNING

DO NOT EXCEED 15 MPH (24 Kmh) WHEN TOWING TRAILERS. Operating at speeds in excess of 15 MPH (24 Kmh) may lead to loss of vehicle control. NEVER take turns at excessive speeds, as this may cause the vehicle to roll over. The majority of all rollover accidents are caused by excessive cornering speed. ALWAYS SLOW DOWN WHEN CORNERING.

### AWARNING

Never tow trailers without BOTH the service and emergency brake lines connected to the trailer. Never tow trailers without functioning service and emergency brake systems. Operating the vehicle while towing trailers without functioning trailer brake systems may lead to loss of control of the vehicle, serious jnjury or death.

### AWARNING

Never tow a trailer above the minimum height required to clear the landing gear from the ground. Lifting the fifth wheel and trailer too high drastically raises the center of gravity of the trailer and increases the chance of a rollover.



### 3.2.7 Exhaust System

# **Cummins ISB-07 Diesel Particulate** Filter (DPF) Regeneration

To meet current emissions regulations, this vehicle is equipped with a Diesel Particulate Filter as part of its exhaust aftertreatment system. The DPF traps diesel particulates and requires periodic service to ensure its proper functionality. Servicing involves regeneration (burning) of the trapped particulates. The engine's ECM senses when regeneration is required and can automatically, under the correct conditions, initiate regeneration. If the correct conditions cannot be met, the operator must initiate a "Stationary" regeneration. Not performing a Stationary regeneration, when required, will necessitate the removal of the DPF for service.

# DPF HIGH EXH NEEDED TEMP

Figure 19

### **High Exhaust Temperature Lamp**

The HIGH EXHAUST TEMPERATURE lamp illuminates to indicate that high exhaust temperatures exist. When this lamp is illuminated, the engine should be stopped and the exhaust system allowed to cool before restarting the engine.

## DPF (Diesel Particulate Filter) Regen Needed Lamp

The DPF REGEN NEEDED lamp indicates, when illuminated or flashing, that the diesel particulate filter requires regeneration.

When the DPF REGEN NEEDED lamp illuminates, the diesel particulate filter needs to regenerate within the next 2-6 hours of operation. This is accomplished by:

- Changing to a more challenging duty cycle, such as highway driving, for at least 20 minutes.
   OR
- 2. Performing a Stationary regeneration.

If a regeneration is not completed in a timely manner after the DPF REGEN NEEDED lamp illuminates, the lamp will begin to flash. When this happens, the actions above should be performed within 1-2 hours. In addition, engine power may be reduced automatically.

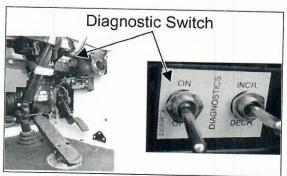


Figure 20

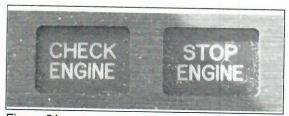


Figure 21

### Performing a Stationary Regeneration

- Park the vehicle in an area where it can safely idle for up to 50 minutes. The regeneration period may be from 5 to 50 minutes, depending upon severity.
- 2. Set the parking brake and let the truck idle.
- Turn the diagnostic switch to the ON position. The switch is located under the dash, to the right of the steering column.
- Do not throttle the engine or apply the brake pedal until the regeneration is complete and the DPF light goes out. Throttling the engine and/or applying the brake will stop the regeneration process.
- Turn the diagnostic switch to the OFF position after regeneration is complete.

### Check and Stop Engine Lamps

A flashing DPF REGEN NEEDED lamp combined with an illuminated CHECK ENGINE lamp indicates that the diesel particulate filter needs to be regenerated immediately. Engine power will be reduced automatically. A Stationary regeneration is required immediately.

### NOTICE

If a Stationary regeneration is not performed, the red STOP ENGINE lamp will illuminate. The vehicle should be stopped as soon as it can safely be done and remain shut down until it can be serviced by a Cummins authorized repair location.

### **Driver Tips**

- The electric-actuated variable geometry turbocharger causes the engine sound to vary at times. This is normal. A slight turbo whistle may also be observed at idle conditions.
- After prolonged idle, you may notice momentary white vapor and odor. This is normal.
- When the HIGH EXH TEMP lamp is illuminated, you may notice an odor. This is normal. If the odor is excessive and you also notice white vapor, have the exhaust system inspected for leaks.
- Use only Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) fuel.
- CJ-4 (low ash) is the recommended oil. This will increase the time between regeneration events.
- CI-4+ is permitted. Read your Cummins Owners Manual for specific details.



### Caterpillar C7 O7 Regeneration

If your vehicle has a 2007 Caterpillar C7 engine, it will have a Caterpillar Regeneration System (CRS) as part of its exhaust aftertreatment system. This is comprised of the Diesel Particulate Filter (DPF), the Aftertreatment Regeneration Device (ARD), and the Electronic Control Module (ECM). The CRS works with the engine's ECM to convert the soot collected in the DPF into gas and, under certain operating conditions, the ARD is utilized to increase exhaust temperatures so that regeneration can occur.

**High Exhaust Temperature Lamp (HEST)** — The HEST lamp illuminates to indicate high exhaust temperatures exist.

The lamp provides the following indications:

- 1. **OFF:** The DPF outlet temperature is less than 842°F (450°C) or vehicle speed is greater than 5 mph (8 kph).
- ON SOLID: The DPF outlet temperature is greater than 842°F (450°C) and vehicle speed is less than 5 mph (8 kph).

### **DPF Regen Needed Lamp**

The DPF lamp indicates the soot level in the DPF. The lamp provides the following indications:

- OFF: The CRS is functioning properly. No driver intervention is needed. The CRS operates when necessary.
- ON SOLID: Level 1 soot has been reached. Active regeneration is required.
- FLASHING: Level 2 (or higher) soot level has been reached. Active regeneration is required.

### **Regeneration Modes**

There are two types of regeneration:

- Passive Regeneration: The engine duty cycle provides sufficient exhaust temperature for regeneration to occur.
- Active/Stationary Forced Regeneration: The engine duty cycle DOES NOT provide sufficient exhaust temperature for regeneration to occur. The ARD operates in order to raise the temperature of the exhaust gas.



Figure 22

### OTTAWA

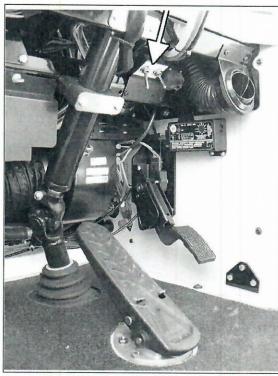


Figure 23 (The normal position for both switches is down.)

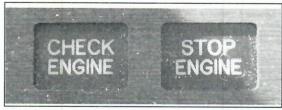


Figure 24

### Performing an Active/Stationary Regeneration Using the ARD Switch

Several conditions must be met prior to initiating regeneration. If these conditions are not met, regeneration will not occur.

- Level 1 or higher soot level has been achieved. At this point, the DPF lamp will be on SOLID.
- 2. Throttle position must be less than 7%.
- 3. Vehicle must be parked with the parking brake on and the transmission in neutral.
- Engine coolant temperature must be greater than 68°F (20°C).
- 5. Diesel particulate inlet temperature must be greater than 212°F (100°C).
- 6. Move the ARD force switch to "initiate" for 2 seconds, then release. The CRS will perform a 30-second system check. During the system check, the engine speed will ramp up to 1400 R.P.M. in 50 R.P.M. increments per second. The Active/Stationary regeneration process can be aborted if the vehicle's operation or environment requires that regeneration not occur. However, regeneration should be disabled for short periods of time only. Failure to initiate regeneration will result in degraded engine performance or possible engine shutdown.

### Check and Stop Engine Lamps

The CHECK ENGINE and STOP ENGINE lamps along with the DPF REGEN NEEDED lamp work with the engine's ECM to ensure the operator is aware of the need to regenerate.

**Level 1:** The DPF lamp is ON SOLID. The operator should change duty cycles or initiate a regeneration.

**Level 2:** The DPF lamp is FLASHING. The operator should change duty cycles or initiate a regeneration.

**Level 3:** The amber CHECK ENGINE lamp is ON SOLID, and the DPF lamp is FLASHING. At this point, you will begin to notice some engine derate. The operator should stop at the first opportunity and perform an Active/Stationary regeneration.

Level 4: The amber CHECK ENGINE lamp is ON SOLID, the DPF lamp is FLASHING, and the red STOP ENGINE lamp is ON SOLID. You will notice a dramatic engine derate and 30 seconds prior to the engine shutting down, the red STOP ENGINE lamp will flash. Once Level 4 has been reached, an operator-initiated regeneration can still be performed if it is done early. However, failure to initiate regeneration at this point will cause the CRS to lock out regeneration and then it can only be performed by a licensed Caterpillar dealer.

### NOTICE

Use only Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) fuel. Use CJ-4 engine oil to increase the time between regeneration events.



# 6 Scheduled Maintenance

### General Maintenance Program

One of the keys to safe and dependable operation of your Kalmar tractor is proper maintenance. Yard tractors are used in very abusive operations. Moving trailers through rough yards 10 to 24 hours a day can take a toll on even the best built piece of equipment. It is the operator's job to ensure that every time he or she climbs into the cab, that the vehicle is ready to roll, safely and reliably.

Because all spotting applications are not the same, it is critical that a good "Total Maintenance Program" is developed for your particular vehicle and application. A vehicle that runs 24 hours a day in a railroad yard will need a more intensive maintenance program than a vehicle running 8 hour days in a smooth, paved lot.

If you need assistance on determining a good maintenance program, call your Kalmar dealer for assistance.

### NOTICE

The pre-operation checklist, or "walk around" will assist the operator in identifying obvious problems that could affect normal operation of the vehicle (a sample checklist is provided on page 9). The pre-operation checklist is not intended to be a substitute for a Preventative Maintenance Program.

### ! DANGER

A vehicle that has not been properly maintained, may not be safe to operate. The operator of a Kalmar tractor must be satisfied that his/her vehicle has been properly maintained and is in safe working condition, before operating that vehicle. Operating an improperly maintained vehicle may lead to loss of vehicle control, which could severely injure or kill the operator.

Vehicle maintenance, other than routine operator maintenance (checking fluids, cleaning, filling fuel tank), should only be performed by a professional, trained mechanic. Many maintenance procedures require special training and tools to be done safely. Attempting to perform maintenance procedures without proper training and equipment may lead to serious injury or death.



### 6.1 Checklists

# **Chassis Lubrication Diagram**

(left-hand drive chassis shown)

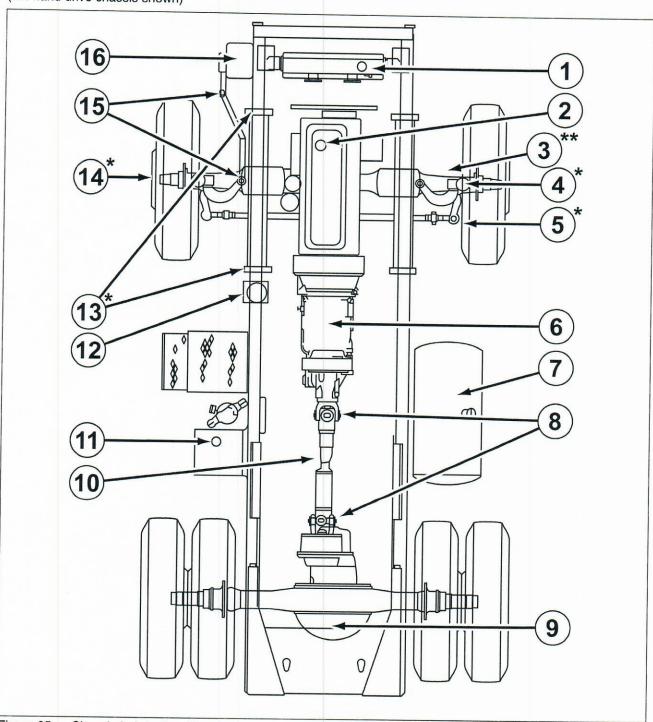


Figure 25 — Chassis Lubrication Diagram

<sup>\*</sup>Both Sides

<sup>\*\*</sup>Both Sides Front and Rear



Key No.	Part/Description	Lubricant Used/Note
1	Coolant/Anti-Freeze	50/50 Ethyl-Glycol/Water
2	Engine Oil	SAE 15W-40
		See Engine Operator Manual
3	Slack Adjusters Brake Cam Pivot	Lithium Grease
4	Front Axle King Pins	Lithium Grease
5	Tie Rod Ends	Lithium Grease
6	Transmission Fluid	Transynd
		See Transmission Operator
		Manual
7	Diesel Fuel	ULSD
		See Engine Operator Manual
8	Universal Joints	Lithium Grease
9	Rear Axle Differential	EP 85-140
		See Axle Operator Manual
10	Driveline Slip Yoke	Lithium Grease
11	Hydraulic/Steering Fluid	Dexron III
12	Cab Suspension Latch	Lithium Grease
13	Spring Shackle Pin	Lithium Grease
14	Front Wheel Bearings	EP Grade No. 1
	\$50 	See Axle Operator Manual
15	Drag Link Ends	Lithium Grease
16	Steering Slip Joint	Lithium Grease

### Boom and Fifth Wheel Lubrication Diagram

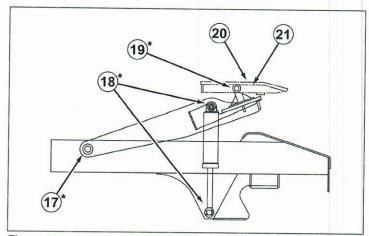


Figure 26 \*Both Sides

Key No.	Part/Description	Lubricant Used/Note
17	Boom Pivot	Lithium Grease #1
18	Boom Cylinder Bearings	Lithium Grease #1
19	Fifth Wheel Pivot	Lithium Grease #1
20	Fifth Wheel Top Plate	Lithium Grease #1
21	Fifth Wheel Jaws	Lithium Grease #1
NI	Cab Door Hinge	Silicone Spray
NI	Steering Column Slip Yoke	Lithium Grease #1
NI	Rear Door Rollers	Silicone Spray

NI = Not Illustrated



#### KALMAR TERMINAL TRACTOR PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE FORM 2007 OR NEWER ENGINES NON-SYNTHETIC (NON - TES-295) LUBE USED IN THE TRANSMISSION TRUCK NUMBER LOCATION TECHNICIAN HOURS DATE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE CHECKED AND THE CORRESPONDING BOX MARKED WITH THE APPROPRIATE NOTATION. √ = SATISFACTORY 0 = ADJUSTMENT NECESSARY X = REPAIRS NEEDED. "A" INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT 250 HOUR INTERVALS, "B" INSPECTIONS AT 500 HOUR INTERVALS, "C" INSPECTIONS AT 1000 HOUR INTERVALS, AND "D" INSPECTIONS AT 2000 HOUR INTERVALS. SHADED BOXES INDICATE THAT THE OPERATION SHOULD NOT BE DONE AT THAT INTERVAL **OPERATION** A B C D OPERATION ABCD CAB - INTERIOR UNDER VEHICLE CHECK OPERATION OF NEUTRAL START CHECK STEERING GEAR CHECK OPERATION OF ALL GAUGES CHECK BRAKE LININGS AND DRUMS CHECK LOW AIR BUZZER AND LIGHT CHECK LEAF SPRINGS CHECK WINDSHIELD WIPER OPERATION CHECK SHOCK ABSORBERS (IF APP.) CHECK WINDSHIELD WASHER OPERATION (IF APP.) TORQUE FRONT AXLE MOUNTING BOLTS CHECK THROTTLE OPERATION TORQUE KING PIN DRAW KEY NUT(S) CHECK HORN(S) OPERATION CHECK HYDRAULIC PUMP CHECK AIR SYSTEM. MINIMUM 120 PSI, MAXIMUM 130 PSI CHECK STARTER MOUNTING AND CONNECTIONS CHECK AIR SYSTEM FOR LEAK DOWN CHECK ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION FOR LEAKS CHECK OPERATION OF BACK UP ALARM CHANGE ENGINE OIL AND FILTER CHECK HVAC SYSTEM CHANGE TRANSMISSION FILTERS BLOWER MOTOR OPERATION CHANGE TRANSMISSION FLUID TEMPERATURE CONTROL CHECK ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION MOUNTS DEFROSTER OPERATION CHECK WHEEL SEALS FOR LEAKS A/C OPERATION (IF APP.) CLEAN REAR AXLE BREATHER AUXILIARY FAN(S) (IF APP. CHECK DIFFERENTIAL FOR LEAKS CHECK 5TH WHEEL UNLATCH CONTROL CHECK DIFFERENTIAL OIL LEVEL CHECK OPERATION OF BOOM CHANGE DIFFERENTIAL OIL CHECK OPERATION OF WINDOWS CHECK LIFT CYLINDERS FOR LEAKS CHECK SEAT BELT OPERATION CHECK OTTO-RIDE RUBBER ISOLATOR (IF APP.) CHECK REAR AND SIDE DOOR LATCH OPERATION TORQUE REAR AXLE MOUNTING BOLTS CHECK DOME LIGHT OPERATION CHASSIS CHECK ALL GLASS AND MIRRORS CHECK FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS CHECK FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGE (IF APP.) CHECK FRONT AXLE OIL LEVEL (IF APP.) CAB DOWN - EXTERIOR REPACK FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS (IF APP.) CHECK SIDE DOOR HINGE CHECK BATTERY CABLES & HOLDDOWNS CHECK CAB ACCESS STEPS AND HANDLES CHECK BATTERIES FOR CRACKS OR DAMAGE CLEAN HEATER / AC FILTER CLEAN BATTERY CABLE CONNECTIONS CHECK REAR DOOR ROLLER / SLIDE ADJUSTMENT CHECK BATTERY BOX COVER HOLDDOWNS CHECK GLADHAND SEALS AND TRAILER AIR LINES DRAIN WATER FROM AIR TANKS CHECK TRAILER LIGHT CORD (IF APP.) CHECK AND TORQUE ALL WHEEL NUTS CHECK HEADLIGHTS / MARKER LIGHTS CHECK WHEELS CHECK TURN SIGNALS CHECK TIRE AIR PRESSURE, TREAD DEPTH & CONDITION CHECK STROBE LIGHT (IF APP.) CHECK REAR AXLE PLANETARY FLUID LEVEL (IF APP.) CHECK SPOTLIGHTS INSPECT PLATFORMS CHECK WIPER BLADES CHECK FRAME FOR CRACKS CHECK WINDSHIELD WASHER FLUID LEVEL CHECK MUD FLAPS / FENDERS (IF APP.) CAB UP CHANGE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM FILTER CHECK OPERATION OF CAB TILT PUMP CHECK HYDRAULIC FLUID LEVEL CHECK CAB SAFETY PROP CHANGE HYDRAULIC FLUID CHECK CAB SUSPENSION AND LATCH CLEAN HYDRAULIC TANK VENT CHECK ENGINE INTAKE DUCTING FOR LEAKS CHECK CAB HINGE PINS AND BUSHINGS CHECK RADIATOR FOR LEAKS LUBRICATION CHECK RADIATOR MOUNTS CHECK / LUBRICATE REAR DOOR ROLLERS CHECK COOLANT LEVEL AND CONCENTRATION CHECK / LUBRICATE HOOD HINGE CHECK AND ADJUST COOLANT ADDITIVE (IF APP.) CHECK / LUBRICATE STEERING SLIP JOINT CHANGE ENGINE COOLANT CHECK / LUBRICATE STEERING U-JOINTS CHECK COOLANT HOSES AND CLAMPS CHECK / LUBRICATE ALL STEERING LUBE POINTS CHECK FAN CLUTCH FOR OPERATION (IF APP.) CHECK / LUBRICATE SLACK ADJUSTERS CHECK ENGINE COOLING FAN FOR CRACKS CHECK / LUBRICATE LEAF SPRING PINS AND BUSHINGS CHECK ENGINE BELT(S) AND TENSIONER CHECK / LUBRICATE DRIVELINE U-JOINTS CHANGE ENGINE COOLANT FILTER (IF APP.) CLEAN, CHECK, ADJUST AND LUBE 5<sup>TH</sup> WHEEL JAWS CHECK AND LUBRICATE 5<sup>TH</sup> WHEEL TOP PLATE CHECK AND LUBRICATE 5<sup>TH</sup> WHEEL PIVOT PINS CHECK ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION FOR LEAKS DRAIN FUEL WATER SEPARATOR CHANGE FUEL WATER SEPARATOR CHECK AND LUBRICATE BOOM PIVOT BEARINGS CHECK AIR RESTRICTION GAUGE (IF APP.) CHECK AND LUBE BOOM CYLINDER BEARINGS CHANGE AIR FILTER AS NEEDED CHECK AND LUBRICATE HYDRAULIC PUMP DRIVE (IF APP) CHANGE AIR DRYER DESICCANT (IF APP.) AS NEEDED CHECK AND LUBE OTTO-RIDE PIVOT POINTS (IF APP.) CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM ADD GREASE TO AUTOLUBE RESERVOIR (IF APP.) CHECK TRANSMISSION FLUID LEVEL TEST DRIVE CLEAN TRANSMISSION BREATHER DRIVE VEHICLE TO CHECK OVERALL OPERATION TORQUE CAB TO DECK MOUNTING BOLTS NOTES



#### KALMAR TERMINAL TRACTOR PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE FORM 2007 OR NEWER ENGINES SYNTHETIC (TES-295) LUBE AND ALLISON HIGH-CAPACITY FILTERS USED IN THE TRANSMISSION TRUCK NUMBER | LOCATION TECHNICIAN HOURS DATE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE CHECKED AND THE CORRESPONDING BOX MARKED WITH THE APPROPRIATE NOTATION. √ = SATISFACTORY 0 = ADJUSTMENT NECESSARY X = REPAIRS NEEDED. "A" INSPECTIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT 250 HOUR INTERVALS, "B" INSPECTIONS AT 500 HOUR INTERVALS, "C" INSPECTIONS AT 1000 HOUR INTERVALS, AND "D" INSPECTIONS AT 2000 HOUR INTERVALS. SHADED BOXES INDICATE THAT THE OPERATION SHOULD NOT BE DONE AT THAT INTERVAL. OPERATION ABCD **OPERATION** ABCD CAB - INTERIOR UNDER VEHICLE CHECK OPERATION OF NEUTRAL START CHECK STEERING GEAR CHECK OPERATION OF ALL GAUGES CHECK BRAKE LININGS AND DRUMS CHECK LOW AIR BUZZER AND LIGHT CHECK LEAF SPRINGS CHECK WINDSHIELD WIPER OPERATION CHECK SHOCK ABSORBERS (IF APP.) CHECK WINDSHIELD WASHER OPERATION (IF APP.) TORQUE FRONT AXLE MOUNTING BOLTS CHECK THROTTLE OPERATION TORQUE KING PIN DRAW KEY NUT(S) CHECK HORN(S) OPERATION CHECK HYDRAULIC PUMP CHECK AIR SYSTEM. MINIMUM 120 PSI, MAXIMUM 130 PSI CHECK STARTER MOUNTING AND CONNECTIONS CHECK AIR SYSTEM FOR LEAK DOWN CHECK ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION FOR LEAKS CHECK OPERATION OF BACK UP ALARM CHANGE ENGINE OIL AND FILTER CHECK HVAC SYSTEM CHANGE TRANSMISSION FILTERS EVERY 3000 HOURS BLOWER MOTOR OPERATION CHANGE TRANSMISSION FLUID EVERY 6000 HOURS TEMPERATURE CONTROL CHECK ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION MOUNTS DEFROSTER OPERATION CHECK WHEEL SEALS FOR LEAKS A/C OPERATION (IF APP.) CLEAN REAR AXLE BREATHER AUXILIARY FAN(S) (IF APP.) CHECK DIFFERENTIAL FOR LEAKS CHECK 5TH WHEEL UNLATCH CONTROL CHECK DIFFERENTIAL OIL LEVEL CHECK OPERATION OF BOOM CHANGE DIFFERENTIAL OIL CHECK OPERATION OF WINDOWS CHECK LIFT CYLINDERS FOR LEAKS CHECK SEAT BELT OPERATION CHECK OTTO-RIDE RUBBER ISOLATOR (IF APP.) CHECK REAR AND SIDE DOOR LATCH OPERATION TORQUE REAR AXLE MOUNTING BOLTS CHECK DOME LIGHT OPERATION CHASSIS CHECK ALL GLASS AND MIRRORS CHECK FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS CHECK FIRE EXTINGUISHER CHARGE (IF APP.) CHECK FRONT AXLE OIL LEVEL (IF APP.) CAB DOWN - EXTERIOR REPACK FRONT WHEEL BEARINGS (IF APP.) CHECK SIDE DOOR HINGE CHECK BATTERY CABLES & HOLDDOWNS CHECK CAB ACCESS STEPS AND HANDLES CHECK BATTERIES FOR CRACKS OR ACID DAMAGE CLEAN HEATER / AC FILTER CLEAN BATTERY CABLE CONNECTIONS CHECK REAR DOOR ROLLER / SLIDE ADJUSTMENT CHECK BATTERY BOX COVER HOLDDOWNS CHECK GLADHAND SEALS AND TRAILER AIR LINES DRAIN WATER FROM AIR TANKS CHECK TRAILER LIGHT CORD (IF APP.) CHECK AND TORQUE ALL WHEEL NUTS CHECK HEADLIGHTS / MARKER LIGHT CHECK WHEELS CHECK TURN SIGNALS CHECK TIRE AIR PRESSURE, TREAD DEPTH & CONDITION CHECK STROBE LIGHT (IF APP.) CHECK REAR AXLE PLANETARY FLUID LEVEL (IF APP.) **CHECK SPOTLIGHTS** INSPECT PLATFORMS CHECK WIPER BLADES CHECK FRAME FOR CRACKS CHECK WINDSHIELD WASHER FLUID LEVEL CHECK MUD FLAPS / FENDERS (IF APP.) CAB UP CHANGE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM FILTER CHECK OPERATION OF CAB TILT PUMP CHECK HYDRAULIC FLUID LEVEL CHECK CAB SAFETY PROP CHANGE HYDRAULIC FLUID CHECK CAB SUSPENSION AND LATCH CLEAN HYDRAULIC TANK VENT CHECK ENGINE INTAKE DUCTING FOR LEAKS CHECK CAB HINGE PINS AND BUSHINGS CHECK RADIATOR FOR LEAKS LUBRICATION CHECK RADIATOR MOUNTS CHECK / LUBRICATE REAR DOOR ROLLERS CHECK COOLANT LEVEL AND CONCENTRATION CHECK / LUBRICATE HOOD HINGE CHECK AND ADJUST COOLANT ADDITIVE (IF APP.) CHECK / LUBRICATE STEERING SLIP JOINT CHANGE ENGINE COOLANT CHECK / LUBRICATE STEERING U-JOINTS CHECK COOLANT HOSES AND CLAMPS CHECK / LUBRICATE ALL STEERING LUBE POINTS CHECK FAN CLUTCH FOR OPERATION (IF APP.) CHECK / LUBRICATE SLACK ADJUSTERS CHECK ENGINE COOLING FAN FOR CRACKS CHECK / LUBRICATE LEAF SPRING PINS AND BUSHINGS CHECK ENGINE BELT(S) AND TENSIONER CHECK / LUBRICATE DRIVELINE U-JOINTS CHANGE ENGINE COOLANT FILTER (IF APP.) CLEAN, CHECK, ADJUST AND LUBE 5TH WHEEL JAWS CHECK ENGINE AND TRANSMISSION FOR LEAKS CHECK AND LUBRICATE 5<sup>TH</sup> WHEEL TOP PLATE CHECK AND LUBRICATE 5<sup>TH</sup> WHEEL PIVOT PINS DRAIN FUEL WATER SEPARATOR CHANGE FUEL WATER SEPARATOR CHECK AND LUBRICATE BOOM PIVOT BEARINGS CHECK AIR RESTRICTION GAUGE (IF APP.) CHECK AND LUBE BOOM CYLINDER BEARING CHANGE AIR FILTER AS NEEDED CHECK AND LUBRICATE HYDRAULIC PUMP DRIVE (IF APP) CHANGE AIR DRYER DESICCANT (IF APP.) AS NEEDED CHECK AND LUBE OTTO-RIDE PIVOT POINTS (IF APP.) CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM ADD GREASE TO AUTOLUBE RESERVOIR (IF APP.) CHECK TRANSMISSION FLUID LEVEL TEST DRIVE CLEAN TRANSMISSION BREATHER DRIVE VEHICLE TO CHECK OVERALL OPERATION TORQUE CAB TO DECK MOUNTING BOLTS NOTES:



### **Lubrication and Fluids**

This section contains basic fluid and lubricant requirements and their minimum service intervals for the standard Kalmar tractor. It also contains basic information on filter change intervals. If your vehicle has any optional or special factory-installed equipment, such as planetary axles or a central lube system, contact your Kalmar dealer for specific lubrication requirements for your vehicle.

The fluids and lubricants covered in this section are listed below. If a specific lubricant or fluid used on your vehicle is not covered in this section, contact your Kalmar dealer for the information.

Automatic Transmission Fluid Axle Differential Lubricant Coolant/Anti-Freeze Diesel Fuel Engine Oil Multi-Purpose Grease Hydraulic System Fluid

The Lubrication Diagrams on page 44 and page 45 show the location of specific lubrication and fluid points for easy reference. The Preventative Maintenance Form (see page 46) indicates services that need to be performed at every 250, 500, 1000 and 2000 hour interval.

The chart also indicates the type of lubricant or fluid required or indicates the page number where that information can be found.

### A CAUTION

The maintenance and service intervals in this manual are provided for reference. These intervals are the maximum allowable on a vehicle used in normal operation. These intervals may not apply to your specific vehicle application. It is the operator's responsibility to ensure that the vehicle is properly maintained. Failing to maintain a vehicle properly may lead to an unsafe vehicle, serious vehicle damage, or injury.

### NOTICE

Never add any type of fluid or lubricant unless it is the same grade and type which is currently being used. Mixing of different lubricants and fluid grades or types should be avoided. If the grade or type of fluid is unknown, the system must be drained and flushed before the new fluid or lubricant is added.



### **Automatic Transmission Fluid**

All Kalmar tractors come with a Transmission Operator's Manual provided by the manufacturer. This manual covers the specific transmission in your vehicle. Refer to this Transmission Operator's Manual for transmission fluid requirements and service intervals.

### A CAUTION

Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors requires that the operator of any Kalmar tractor comply with the transmission manufacturer's transmission fluid requirements. Failure to comply with the transmission manufacturer's requirements for transmission fluid may void the warranty on the transmission and cause severe transmission damage and injury. Contact your Kalmar dealer if you did not receive a Transmission Operator's Manual with your new Kalmar tractor.

### **Axle Lubricant**

Axle lubricant requirements vary with make of axle and customer requirements. Refer to the Axle Manufacturer's Operator's Manual for required specifications and operating information.

### NOTICE

Synthetic gear lubricant is available as an option. Contact your Kalmar dealer if you need more information.

### NOTICE

Front axles equipped with optional "WET" wheel seals require the lubricant described previously. They do not use the lithium-based grease used on standard front hubs. The fluid in these front hubs needs to be checked every 250 hours.

### Coolant/Anti-Freeze

The cooling system of the new Kalmar tractor is filled at the factory with the following solution:

50% ethyl-glycol heavy-duty anti-freeze with rust inhibitor, and 50% water. Coolant system additive must be aluminum-compatible.

Proper level of fill for the cooling system is indicated by the presence of coolant in the sight glass of the radiator top tank. It is not necessary to fill the top tank to the filler neck.

A 50/50 mixture provides freeze protection down to  $-34^{\circ}$ F ( $-36.7^{\circ}$ C) and maintains proper heat transfer properties. This is the recommended solution mixture.



Always refer to the Engine Operator's Manual before changing the factory-recommended anti-freeze-to-water ratio in the coolant mixture. Some engine manufacturers have specific coolant mixture requirements needed to satisfy engine warranty requirements. Remember to check and maintain the anti-freeze solution in your Kalmar tractor regularly. Contact your Kalmar dealer if you need more information.

Some engines, specifically "sleeved" engines, require the use of supplemental coolant additives to prevent liner cavitation. Refer to the Engine Operator's Manual for more information.

### AWARNING

Never attempt to open the radiator when the engine is hot. Always allow the engine and coolant to cool completely before opening the radiator. Failure to allow the coolant to cool will cause hot coolant to spray from the radiator when it is opened. This could cause severe burns or blindness.

### A CAUTION

The coolant should be tested every 250 hours and replaced every 2000 hours at the very minimum. Exceeding these intervals may damage the cooling system, or lead to injury.

#### NOTICE

A coolant mixture below 30% does not provide adequate corrosion protection and may lead to radiator damage. A coolant mixture above 68% does not provide proper freeze protection and reduces heat transfer capabilities of the solution.

### **Fuel**

All Kalmar tractors come with an Engine Operator's Manual provided by the engine manufacturer. This manual is for the specific engine in your vehicle. Refer to this Engine Operator's Manual for fuel requirements.

### ! DANGER

Never mix diesel fuel with gasoline, gasohol and/or alcohol. This practice creates an extreme fire hazard and may cause an explosion which could result in serious injury or death.

### A CAUTION

Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors requires that the operator of any Kalmar tractor comply with the engine manufacturer's fuel requirements. Failure to comply with the engine manufacturer's fuel



requirements may cause severe engine damage, injury and void the warranty on the engine. Contact your Kalmar dealer if you did not receive an Engine Operator's Manual with your new Kalmar tractor.

### AWARNING

NEVER smoke in or around the fueling area when filling the fuel tank. Flammable materials can ignite an explosion, resulting in serious injury or death.

### **Engine Oil**

All Kalmar tractors come with an Engine Operator's Manual provided by the engine manufacturer. This manual is for the specific engine in your vehicle. Refer to this Engine Operator's Manual for engine oil requirements.

### A CAUTION

Cargotec Solutions LLC, Kalmar Terminal Tractors requires that the operator of any Kalmar tractor comply with the engine manufacturer's engine oil requirements. Failure to comply with the engine manufacturer's requirements for engine oil may void the warranty on the engine and cause severe engine damage and injury. Contact your Kalmar dealer if you did not receive an Engine Operator's Manual with your new Kalmar tractor.

### **Hydraulic System Fluid**

Proper fluid level can be checked using the gauge found on the outside of the hydraulic tank. Add fluid to keep it level with the "Full Cold" line. The level should be checked after moving the boom to the DOWN position with the engine running.

Three systems requiring hydraulic fluid operate out of a single, high-capacity reservoir located on the frame rail. The three systems are:

- 1. Boom life
- 2. Power steering
- 3. Cab tilt

TES-295 should be used whenever replenishing or replacing the fluid.

### NOTICE

The fluid in the hydraulic system and the filter must both be replaced at least once a year at the very minimum. Never exceed this interval.

### **Multi-Purpose Grease**

The following lubricants are recommended:

- 1. API Grade 1 Multi-Purpose Grease
- Any high quality lithium-based grease that has extreme pressure properties, is water resistant and is recommended for use in automotive and heavy-duty applications.
- 3. Base Oil Timkin 40 rating minimum

### **Filters**

Refer to your Kalmar Parts Manual for the required part numbers. Remember, your parts manual is custom built to match your specific vehicle. If you are in doubt of the correct part numbers, contact your Kalmar dealer for help.

See the Preventative Maintenance Form (on page 46) for the recommended MAXIMUM filter replacement intervals. These intervals are the absolute maximum allowable under normal conditions. Intervals for your vehicle may be shorter due to actual vehicle operating conditions. Operating a vehicle in harsh conditions, or for extended periods of heavy use, will make more frequent filter changes necessary.

### A CAUTION

Never exceed the maximum time intervals. Doing so may lead to vehicle damage and void the vehicle and component warranties.

# Preventative Maintenance Guidelines

### Cab Interior

Check Operation of Neutral Start — Move the gear selector to any position other than "N" and attempt to start the engine. The engine should not crank with the selector in any position other than "N".

Check Operation of All Gauges — With the engine running, verify that all gauges are functional.

Check Low Air Buzzer and Light — Apply and release the brake pedal until air pressure drops below 90 P.S.I. At that point, the low air buzzer and dash warning light should come on.

Check Windshield Wiper Operation — Turn on the windshield wiper and confirm full and smooth travel of the wiper arm. Listen for any noises that might indicate a worn wiper motor.

Check Windshield Washer Operation (If Applicable) — Depress the washer button and confirm the flow and pattern of the washer fluid.



**Check Throttle Operation** — Depress and release the foot throttle and check for binding and ease of operation.

**Check Horn(s) Operation** — Sound the electric and air horns (if applicable) to confirm proper operation.

Check Air System. Minimum 120 P.S.I. (8.27 bar), Maximum 130 P.S.I. (8.96 bar) — Start the engine and run at fast idle. Maximum system pressure should be limited to a minimum of 120 P.S.I. (8.27 bar) and a maximum of 130 P.S.I. (8.96 bar).

Check Air System for Leak Down — Disconnect the gladhands from the trailer. Run the engine at fast idle and allow air pressure to stabilize at 120 P.S.I. for at least 1 minute. Shut off the engine and observe the dash gauge(s) for 2 minutes. The drop in pressure should not exceed 2 P.S.I. (0.137 bar) over the 2-minute period.

Check Operation of Back-Up Alarm — With the engine running, move the gear selector to reverse and listen for the back-up alarm.

### **Check HVAC System**

- Blower Motor Operation With the key on, ensure that the blower motor operates at each position of the blower speed switch.
- Temperature Control Confirm proper operation of the temperature control switch.
- Defroster Operation With the engine running and the defroster control turned on, confirm air flow from the defroster vents.
- Air Conditioner Operation (If Applicable) With the engine running and the air conditioner control turned on, confirm cooled air flow from the defroster vents.
- Auxiliary Fan(s) (If Applicable) With the key on, turn on the auxiliary fans and confirm operation.

Check Fifth Wheel Unlatch Control — With the system air pressure above 100 P.S.I., confirm that the fifth wheel jaws unlatch when the dash control is activated.

**Check Operation of Boom** — With the engine running at fast idle, activate the boom control and ensure full extension and retraction.

Check Operation of Windows — Confirm that all regulated and sliding windows open and close fully.

**Check Seat Belt Operation** — Ensure that the seatbelt latch fastens and unfastens properly.

Check Rear and Side Door Latch Operation — Operate the side door latch from inside and outside the cab to ensure proper operation.



Check Dome Light Operation — With the key on, turn on the cab dome light and confirm operation.

**Check All Glass and Mirrors** — Inspect all glass and mirrors for cracks and breaks.

Check Fire Extinguisher Charge (If Applicable) — If the vehicle is equipped with a fire extinguisher, confirm that it is properly charged.

### Cab Down — Exterior

**Check Side Door Hinge** — Inspect the door hinge for wear or damage.

Check Cab Access Steps and Handles — Inspect all steps and grab handles for proper mounting and the absence of cracks.

Clean Heater/AC Filter — Remove the HVAC filter and vacuum or blow clean with low-pressure air.

Check Rear Door Roller/Slide Adjustment — Inspect the rear door rollers and slide for wear or damage.

Check Gladhand Seals and Trailer Air Lines — Inspect the seals for tears and wear. Check the air lines for kinks or cracks.

Check Trailer Light Cord (If Applicable) — Inspect the light cord for cuts and abrasions. As the lights of the truck are checked, confirm that a trailer connected with the light cord also has lights. This can be done either with a trailer connected or with a "test box".

**Check Headlights/Marker Lights** — Start the engine, turn on the light switches and confirm the lights are illuminated.

**Check Turn Signals** — With the key on, activate the turn signal switch and the flasher to confirm that the turn signals are working.

**Check Strobe Light** (If Applicable) — With the key on, turn on the strobe light to confirm its operation.

**Check Spotlights** — With the key on, turn on the spotlight(s) to confirm its operation.

**Check Wiper Blades** — Inspect the wiper blades for tears or excessive wear.

**Check Windshield Washer Fluid Level** — Raise the hood and fill the washer bottle as necessary.



### Cab Up

Check Operation of Cab Tilt Pump — Pull the safety proprelease cable and activate the cab tilt switch. The cab should rise.

Check Cab Safety Prop — Inspect the cab safety prop that encloses the cab lift cylinder. It should drop freely into place to support the cab when it is in the raised position. The lower cab cylinder pin and bracket should be inspected for signs of fatigue.

Check Cab Suspension and Latch — Inspect the linkages of the suspension system for excessive wear and proper alignment. Inspect the air bag for leaks or signs of abrasion. Inspect the lock jaw for excessive wear and proper operation.

Check Engine Intake Ducting for Leaks — Inspect all engine clean air tubes and hoses for leaks. All clamps should be checked for proper torque and all joints should be properly aligned.

Check Radiator for Leaks — Inspect the radiator core and tanks for signs of coolant leaks.

**Check Radiator Mounts** — Inspect the radiator mounts for wear or excessive looseness.

Check Coolant Level and Concentration — Check the cooling system level. Coolant should be visible in the radiator sight glass. It is not necessary for the coolant to be at the top of the sight glass. Test and maintain the proper anti-freeze level of concentration as outlined in the appropriate Engine Operator's Manual.

Check and Adjust Coolant Additive (If Applicable) — Using the appropriate test method for the supplemental coolant additive being used (i.e., DCA or Nalcool), maintain the recommended level of concentration as outlined in the applicable Engine Operator's Manual.

**Change Engine Coolant** — Flush the cooling system and replace with clean coolant of the appropriate concentration.

Check Coolant Hoses and Clamps — Inspect all hoses for abrasion, cracks, holes and routing. Check all clamps for proper torque.

**Check Fan Clutch for Operation** (If Applicable) — Run the engine to confirm that the fan clutch engages at the proper temperature.

Check Engine Cooling Fan for Cracks — Shut the engine off if running. Inspect the fan blades for signs of cracking.



**Check Engine Belts and Tensioner** — Inspect the belt(s) for cracking and wear. The belt tensioner should be checked for proper operation.

Change Engine Coolant Filter (If Applicable) — Replace the engine coolant filter. A filter containing the proper supplemental coolant additive should be used to maintain the SCA concentration level.

Check Engine and Transmission for Leaks — Perform a visual inspection of the engine and transmission looking for any fluid leaks visible from above.

**Drain Fuel Water Separator** — Open the drain valve on the fuel/water separator and allow water to drain from the filter.

Change Fuel Water Separator — Replace the fuel filter following the instructions in the Engine Operator's Manual.

Check Air Restriction Gauge (If Applicable) — Record the reading on the gauge, reset, start the engine, run to high idle and shut off the engine. If the reading remains on zero, the gauge may be defective or the intake piping has a leak. The cause must be investigated and the gauge replaced and/or the piping repaired.

If the initial gauge reading indicates that the filter should be changed, do so at this time. See the next item on the Preventative Maintenance form.

Change Air Filter — The air filter should be changed as needed. If the truck is equipped with a restriction gauge, replace the filter when the gauge indicates it is appropriate.

Change Air Dryer Desiccant (If Applicable) — The desiccant should be changed as needed. Change as soon as water is evident when the system air tanks are drained.

**Check Exhaust System** — Visually inspect all of the exhaust system components for leaks and/or damage.

Check Transmission Fluid Level — With the engine running, use the transmission dipstick to check the fluid level per the guidelines in the Transmission Operator's Manual.

Clean Transmission Breather — Confirm that the breather, located on top of the transmission, is clean and the passage is open. Do not spray directly with high pressure or cleaning solvents.

**Torque Cab-to-Deck Mounting Bolts** — Re-torque the four cab-to-deck fasteners.



### **Under Vehicle**

Check Steering Gear — Inspect the steering gear for fluid leaks and excessive play. Inspect the steering linkage for wear or looseness.

Check Brake Linings and Drums — Visually check the linings and drums for wear and cracks. If the lining is 0.25 inch (6.35 mm) thick or less in any location, the shoes should be replaced or relined.

**Check Leaf Springs** — Inspect the leaf springs for cracking or excessive deflection. Inspect the spring pins and shackles for wear.

Check Shock Absorbers (If Applicable) — Inspect the shock absorbers for leaks.

**Torque Front Axle Mounting Bolts** — Re-torque front axle mounting bolts to 210 ft. lbs. (284.7 N•m).

**Torque Kingpin Draw Key Nuts** — Re-torque the steer axle kingpin draw key nut(s).

**Check Hydraulic Pump** — Inspect the hydraulic pump for leaks.

Check Starter Mounting and Connections — Confirm that the starter mounting bolts are tight. Inspect the electrical connections for good contact at the starter terminals.

Check Engine and Transmission for Leaks — Perform a visual inspection of the engine and transmission looking for any fluid leaks visible from below.

Change Engine Oil and Filter — Drain and replace the engine oil. Use oil meeting, at least, the minimum specifications provided in the Engine Operator's Manual. Replace the oil filter.

Change Transmission Filters — Notice — This DOES NOT include the pan screen. The screen should only be replaced during overhaul.

Change Transmission Fluid — Drain and replace the transmission fluid. Use fluid meeting, at least, the minimum specifications provided in the Transmission Operator's Manual.

**Check Engine and Transmission Mounts** — Re-torque the engine and transmission mounts. Inspect the isolator material and replace if deteriorated.

Check Wheel Seals for Leaks — Inspect the front and rear hubs for signs of oil leaks. Replace if leaking.

Clean Rear Axle Breather — Ensure that the rear axle vent turns freely.



**Check Differential for Leaks** — Inspect the rear axle housing for signs of leaks. Repair as necessary.

**Check Differential Oil Level** — Check the differential oil level per the component manufacturer's instructions.

**Change Differential Oil** — Drain and replace the differential oil. Use oil meeting, at least, the minimum specifications of the component manufacturer.

Check Lift Cylinders for Leaks — Inspect the cylinders for signs of leaking. Repair as necessary.

Check Otto-Ride Rubber Isolator (If Applicable) — Inspect the isolator for signs of cracking or loss of elasticity. Replace as necessary.

**Torque Rear Axle Mounting Bolts** — Re-torque the rear axle mounting bolts: nut at 400 ft. lbs. (542 N•m), bolt at 600 ft. lbs. (813 N•m).

### Chassis

Check Front Wheel Bearings — Raise and support the front axle. Check for excessive play in the wheel bearing.

Check Front Axle Oil Level (If Applicable) — Check the oil level in the front axle hubcaps. Fill to the proper level as necessary.

Repack Front Wheel Bearings (If Applicable) — Remove the front hubs and repack the bearings using grease meeting, at least, the minimum specifications of the component manufacturer.

Check Battery Cables and Holddowns — Inspect the battery cables for signs of abrasion or breaking. Repair and reroute as needed. Ensure that batteries are properly secured.

Check Batteries for Cracks or Acid Damage — Inspect the batteries for signs of damage. Replace as necessary.

Clean Battery Cable Connections — Remove the cable terminals from the batteries, clean the connections, and reattach the cable terminals.

Check Battery Box Cover Holddowns — Check the bolts or rubber latches to ensure that the battery box cover is secured.

**Drain Water from Air Tanks** — With the air system charged, open each manual drain until all moisture is removed from the system.

Check and Torque All Wheel Nuts — Inspect all the wheel nuts for signs of wear or damage. Re-torque all the nuts to 450–500 ft. lbs. (610-678 N•m).



**Check Wheels** — Inspect all the wheels for signs of damage including oversized holes and cracks.

Check Tire Air Pressure, Tread Depth and Condition — Inspect the tires for damage and wear. Adjust to the proper air pressure.

Check Rear Axle Planetary Fluid Level (If Applicable) — Check and adjust the lubricant level in planetary housings per the component manufacturer's instructions.

**Inspect Platforms** — Inspect the platforms for proper mounting and the absence of cracks and trip points.

**Check Frame for Cracks** — Inspect the frame rails and crossmembers for cracks and bending.

Check Mud Flaps/Fenders (If Applicable) — If equipped with mud flaps and/or a fender, inspect these items for proper mounting and damage.

Change Hydraulic System Filter — Remove and replace the external hydraulic filter.

Check Hydraulic Fluid Level — Start the engine, raise and lower the boom two to three times to ensure that the system components are filled. Lower the boom to the FULL DOWN position, shut off the engine and check the fluid level on the tank gauge. Fill as necessary.

Change Hydraulic Fluid — Drain the hydraulic tank and refill with Dexron III automatic transmission fluid.

Clean Hydraulic Tank Vent — Remove any dirt collecting around the vent and ensure that the vent is clear.

Check Cab Hinge Pins and Bushings — Inspect the pins and bushings for wear or damage.

### Lubrication

Check/Lubricate Rear Door Rollers — Inspect the upper rollers. Replace if binding or damaged. Lubricate.

Check/Lubricate Hood Hinge — Inspect the hood hinge for wear and damage. Lubricate.

Check/Lubricate Steering Slip Joint — Inspect the slip joint for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Check/Lubricate Steering U-Joints — Inspect the u-joints for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Check/Lubricate All Steering Lube Points — Inspect the kingpins, tie rod ends and drag link ends for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.



Check/Lubricate Slack Adjusters — Inspect the brake slack adjusters for wear or damage. Measure the brake actuator stroke. If this measurement exceeds the component manufacturer's recommendation, check the brake lining and adjuster to determine which is the cause of the excessive stroke and repair as necessary.

Check/Lubricate Leaf Spring Pins and Bushings — Inspect the spring pins, hangers and pin bushings for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Check/Lubricate Driveline U-Joints — Inspect the driveline and u-joints for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Clean, Check, Adjust and Lube Fifth Wheel Jaws — Remove dirt and excessive grease from the fifth wheel jaws. Using a fifth wheel jaw gauge, measure the free play. If free play exceeds 1/8 inch (3.175 mm), determine the cause of the excessive play and either repair or replace the jaws per the component manufacturer's recommendation.

Check/Lubricate Fifth Wheel Top Plate — Clean and inspect the fifth wheel top plate for cracks or other damage. Apply lithium grease to the surface of the top plate.

Check/Lubricate Fifth Wheel Pivot Pins — Inspect the fifth wheel pivot pins for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Check/Lubricate Boom Pivot Bearings — Inspect the boom pivot bearings for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Check/Lubricate Upper Cylinder Bearings — Inspect the upper boom cylinder bearings for wear or damage. Lubricate with lithium grease.

Check/Lubricate Hydraulic Pump Drive (If Applicable) — (Applies only to trucks built prior to March 2007) Remove the hydraulic pump from the P.T.O. Inspect the splined coupling shaft for wear. On units equipped with an external grease zerk, grease on the P.T.O. removal of the P.T.O. is not necessary. Lubricate with NLGI #2 coupling grease.

Check/Lubricate Otto-Ride Pivot Points (If Applicable) — Inspect all Otto-Ride pivot points for wear or damage. On Otto-Ride systems equipped with a single-point lube system, inspect the lube lines to ensure delivery of lubricant to all points. Depending on the type of lube system, lubricate each single point or each pivot point with lithium grease.

Add Grease to Autolube Reservoir — If the vehicle is equipped with an automatic lubrication system, inspect all lubrication points for sufficient grease. Fill the system's reservoir with the proper type and quantity of grease per the component manufacturer's recommendation.



### **Test Drive**

**Drive Vehicle to Check Overall Operation** — Start and drive the vehicle. Test the operation of all systems and components.

Notes

